Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVIII NO. 29 BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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PRESIDENT'S CALL FOR MORE WORK

Now Is The Time For Selfless Service

FIGHT FEAR AND WANT

NEW DELHI, February 5 (PTI).

PRESIDENT RAJENDRA PRASAD called upon the people to face the responsibilities that freedom had brought in a spirit of selfless work for the country. "We are free today and have full right to decide our own destiny. It is upto us to make it or mar it," the President said.

The President was speaking at a function organised by the Delhi Municipal Committee at the Town Hall to accord a civic welcome to him.

On reaching the Town Hall, the President was received by Dr. Yudhvir Singh, President of the Delhi Municipal Committee. After taking the salute from the mounted bodyguard Dr. Rajendra Prasad preceded by his two A.D.C.'s wearing silk blue and gold turbans tied in the traditional Rajput style and Dr. Yudhvir Singh climbed the forty steps of the Town Hall to the 25-foot high balcony from where he addressed the huge gathering.

DELHI'S MEMORIES

The rain laden clouds that had threateningly overcast the sky since morning partly cleared when Dr. Rajendra Prasad rose from his guilded chair to make his first public speech after assumption of office as President.

In clear ringing voice the President reminded the people of the big part Delhi had played in the freedom movement and called upon them as citizens of the capital to build up an ideal of selfless service for the whole country to follow.

Thanking them for according him a warm welcome, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that the history of Delhi was replete with stormy events. For the past several centuries it had remained the capital city. Delhi had witnessed the war of the Kauravas and the Pandavas, and seen kingdoms of Hindu Rajas, Mughal Emperors and the British, rise and fall. Even when Delhi was not the capital city it occupied an important place in the affairs of every kingdom that held sway over the country.

The President said that Delhi had also seen regal processions in their full splendour which even the Gods might envy and bloody massacres too. During the Congress movement it saw Congress processions being broken up by the police and it fell to Delhi's honour to witness the inauguration of the Sovereign Democratic Indian Republic.

PETTY SQUABBLES

Calling upon the people to remember Mahatma Gandhi's principles of love and brotherhood, which were often forgotten in petty squabbles, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that there was a time when Hindus and Muslims lived in complete accord in Delhi.

The President recalled how Swami Shradhanand addressed a meeting of Hindus and Muslims at Juma Masjid in Delhi. But this amity and accord was often interrupted and Delhi saw the death of Swamiji in a communal riot. They had also seen the heart-rending communal killings that followed in the wake of partition. It was all the more imperative, he said, for the people, therefore, to continue to propagate Mahatma Gandhi's ideals.

VOTING RIGHTS

Referring to the inauguration of the Republic, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that today they were free. They had

(Continued on Page 5)

A PRESENT TO PRESIDENT

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.).

A decorated folder from the Chief Minister of Bombay has been one of the most striking and novel forms of greetings and messages of congratulation which the President of the Indian Republic has been receiving from all parts of India and from abroad since the inauguration of the Republic.

The folder which contains the signatures of over 3,000 people of Bombay has been presented by them as a token of their love and faithfulness to the country and its first President.

These signatories have also given partical demonstration of their anxiety to save food by foregoing their rice ration for one week.

The quantity of rice they saved is estimated at 450 maunds.

Quake In Turkey

ANKARA, Feb. 5, (PTI-Reuter): Twenty people were reported killed and 32 injured and over 100 houses wrecked in a ten second earthquake which rocked the Erzeroum area of Eastern Turkey last night.

BOMB EXPLOSIONS IN CALCUTTA

Searches And Arrests

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5 (UPI)—The Special Branch Police searched many places in Calcutta city this morning and seized a large number of prejudicial leaflets and arrested three persons.

Two bombs exploded at a place in Maniktolla area this evening. No one was injured.

No arrest is so far reported.

Mahe Leaders Released

TELLICHERRY, Feb. 5 (UPI)—Messrs. M. Kumaram, P.K. Sankaran, M. P. Krishnan Nambiar and A. Bhaskaran, all workers of the Mahe Mahajana Sabha who were detained in French Mahe jail following the disturbances of October 1948 have been released unconditionally.

THOUSANDS CHEER THE PRESIDENT

NEW DELHI, February 5 (UPI)

THOUSANDS of Delhi citizens enthusiastically cheered the President when he drove in procession from the historic Red Fort, home of Moghul Emperor Shah Jehan for many years, to the Town Hall where he was accorded a civic reception by the citizens of Delhi.

As the President's state-coach driven by six horses came out of the Red Fort, the heavy drizzling that was continuing during the whole day seemed to have suddenly stopped bringing joy to thousands who were completely drenched eagerly waiting for a 'darshan' of their 'Rashtrapati'.

At 3 p.m. the procession started from the Red Fort and as it slowly entered the premises of the historic Chandni Chowk the drummers and the pipers seated on a massive wooden gate constructed at the entrance of the Chandni Chowk, heralded the entry of the President into the city by beating drums and blowing sharp pipes.

A CONTRAST

In sharp contrast to his state drive on the Republic Day, today's procession included detachments of the army, Air Force and Police who marched along with the presidential procession, to the accompaniment of music played by mounted bands.

The President was loudly cheered as his carriage slowly passed through the two-mile long route, via., Chandni Chowk, Fatehpuri, Church Road, Queen's Road, and entered the premises of the Delhi Municipal Gardens from opposite the Delhi main railway station. Adorning the route were 15 arches depicting the various epochs in Indian history.

The President, dressed in a black Achkan with a Gandhi Cap on, smilingly acknowledged the greetings with folded hands.

Among the thousands of eager spectators who crowded either sides of the route of the Presidential procession, was also India's Prime Minister Nehru.

BETTER VIEW

Immediately after his arrival in the Delhi Town Hall, the Prime Minister walked towards the side of the Chandni Chowk to observe the procession. In order to have a better glimpse of the entire procession and the crowd, the Prime Minister climbed up a ten-foot high massive iron gate of the Municipal gardens, facing the lock tower and standing over it, watched the procession.

Seeing their Prime Minister standing high on the gates, thousands of men, women and children who crowded to see the presidential procession, shouted "Pandit Nehru ki Jai", and rushed towards him, throwing garlands and flowers towards him. As the President's carriage came, the Prime Minister smilingly greeted the President, which the President also reciprocating with folded hands.

Thereafter, the Prime Minister walked round the crowd eagerly awaiting to see the ceremonial reception that was accorded to the President. He was enthusiastically cheered.

Punctually at 4 p.m. as scheduled, the President Dr. Rajendra Prasad, got down at the entrance to the Municipal Hall. He was garlanded by the President of the Delhi Municipality amidst shouts of "Rashtrapati Ki Jai" and Gandhiji Ki Jai."

Thereafter, the gates leading to the venue of the reception from various sides were opened and thousands rushed inside to watch the ceremony.

Russians Have H-Bomb Too

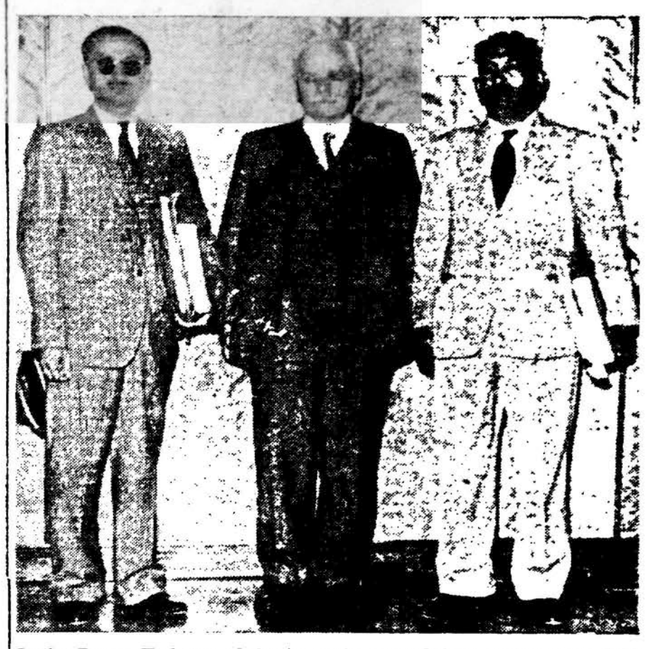
BERLIN, February 5 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

Russia has "probably mastered" a new type of chain reaction that is better than the hydrogen bomb, Dr. Robert Hans Havemann, a leading East Berlin physicist, wrote today.

Professor Havemann's article, published in the Socialist Unity Party newspaper, News Deutschland, said the new method consisted of combining ordinary hydrogen with "heavy" forms of certain metals in the socalled "hydrides".

This type of reaction had better prospects of success than the type which the Americans meant when they talked about their "H-bomb" or "superbomb" he said.

A DISPUTE SETTLED



Justice Bagge, Chairman of the tribunal presented the award over Indo-Pakistan boundary to the representatives of India and Pakistan. Photo shows from left to right Mr. Prem Kishan, Deputy Secretary of India's Ministry for External Affairs, Justice Bagge and Col. Noor Khan of the Pakistan High Commission in New Delhi.

ANXIETY OVER GROWING UNEMPLOYMENT

City Workers' Rally Warns Government

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A mass rally of workers, organised by the Socialist Party this evening at the Kamgar Maidan, viewed with grave concern the deteriorating situation in different industries and the resultant problem of unemployment which is assuming grave proportions.

The rally, which was attended by over 12,000 workers, condemned the bill, now before the Legislature, which, according to a resolution passed at the meeting, took away the problem of retrenchment from the purview of the industrial courts, "thus providing full scope to the capitalists to throw out the workers from their industries".

Several Socialist leaders addressed the rally and they described the Congress Government as a capitalist Government.

POLICE FIRING

Another resolution strongly protested against the police firing on the mica mine workers at Bihar in last January and demanded that an inquiry be instituted into the incident.

Mr. N. M. Joshi refuted the claim made by the Congress leaders that the present Government was inspired by the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi. If that was so, why should they resort to police firing on workers so often! he asked.

In no democratic country did Government resort to firing on workers, Mr. Joshi added. He said that in England for the last sixty years or so, there was not a single instance of police firing on the labour class.

CAPITALIST

Mr. Asoka Mehta said that the present Government was not the worker's or the poor man's Government. On the other hand it was a capitalist Government to the very core, he asserted. Mr. Mehta said that while Government professed to uplift the whole community and a gradiose programme called the Sarvodaya plan was being chalked out, the working class of the country was in a most deplorable plight, without work, shelter or food.

Mr. Mehta said that if Government was genuine in its profession that it was striving to improve the lot of the workers, why did it not accept the proposal of labour that they were willing to run the closed mills.

He also referred to the police firing on mica workers in Bihar in which 12 workers died and 20 were seriously injured.

A WARNING

Mr. Raja Kulkarni, who moved the resolutions said that in Bombay city alone about 35,000 textile workers had been thrown out of work as a result of the closure of about 13 mills. He said that the time has come for positive action on the part of workers.

He also held out a threat that if mill workers were not paid their bonus by the managements by March, they would not hesitate to take necessary action to force the issue.

JAYAPRAKASH POSTPONES CONTEMPLATED FAST

Another Chance For Kidwai

PATNA, February 5. (PTI).

MR. JAYAPRAKASH NARAYAN, the Socialist leader, announced his decision to postpone the contemplated fast which he was to have commenced from today.

Mr. Narayan had announced in Bombay last month that he would go on a fast for an indefinite period from February 5 unless the Government of India redressed the grievances of the postal employees.

He told the Press Trust of India today: "Since the note to the Government of India a month ago that I would be compelled to undertake an indefinite fast I met the Communications Minister Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai twice and there has been correspondence. There were two points on which the honourable Minister had given an assurance in February last.

As it has been already announced in an official communique, one of the points regarding the deduction that was being made from the dearness allowances has finally been conceded now. Government have ordered that no deductions would be made and that his decision would take effect retrospectively".

On the question of payment for the period of the 1946 strike Mr. Narayan said the Communications Minister had not yet reached any decision but had assured him that he was trying his best to find a solution. Some method might be evolved to make the payment treating the strike period as leave with pay. Otherwise payment might be made in the form of bonds.

Mr. Narayan said: "While I do not find this position entirely satisfactory I am convinced that a genuine attempt is being made to carry out the assurances that were given. Indeed half the assurances have already been carried out. I, therefore, feel it would be wrong on my part to launch upon the contemplated fast today and it seems but fair to give Mr. Kidwai time to work out his solution. I am, therefore, postponing my fast for the time being".

62 WORKERS ARRESTED IN SECUNDERABAD

HYDERABAD Dn. Feb. 5 (PTI)—Sixty-two workers were taken into police custody today for defying the ban imposed yesterday on the assembly of five or more persons in the DBR Mills area in Secunderabad, according to a spokesman of the Socialist-dominated Hyderabad Mazdoor Sangh.

The spokesman said that 18 workers of the Sugar Factory at Bodhan and the Secretary of the Secunderabad Press Workers Union who were arrested during the general strike recently have been released.

SANCTIONS AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA

Pakistan's Decision To Withdraw

INDIA SAYS NOT YET

NEW DELHI, February 5 (UPI).

THE Government of India have reaffirmed their determination to continue the economic sanctions against South Africa "so long as the discrimination and disabilities against which the protest was directed remain."

This is disclosed in the correspondence between the Governments of Pakistan and India which has released today by the Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India. It is also disclosed that a request was made by the South African Government recently that economic sanctions against South Africa be voluntarily withdrawn.

In their telegram dated February 4, to the Pakistan Government the Government of India have said that "so long as the discrimination and disabilities against which the protest was directed remain, there can be no justification for removing the present trade restrictions and the Government of India do not intend to remove them."

PROFOUND REGRET

Commenting on the Pakistan decision to lift the trade ban, the communication expresses "profound regret that in the treatment of a problem which affects equally the interest, the rights and the honour of Pakistanis and Indians, the Government of Pakistan should have decided to abandon the unity of understanding and approach which the matter requires."

Below is the text of the telegrams which have been exchanged between the Governments of Pakistan and India:

FROM PAKISTAN GOVERNMENT (FEBRUARY 2):

Please refer to the request made by the South African Government on September 14, 1949, to the effect that economic sanctions against South Africa be voluntarily withdrawn in order to allow parties to negotiate on an equal footing. This request was discussed with the Deputy High Commissioner for India here and it was indicated that the Government of Pakistan felt that the suggestion should be accepted. The Government of India however, did not find themselves in agreement over this.

The Government of Pakistan have very carefully considered the whole question and they have come to the definite conclusion that unless the trade ban is lifted, the possibilities of negotiating an enduring settlement with South Africa over this vexed question of rights of Asiatics is remote.

ANNOUNCEMENT

In order, therefore, to create the right atmosphere and as a contribution towards settlement of this troublesome question the Government of Pakistan have decided to announce the withdrawal of trade ban on 6th February on which day the conference opens in Cape Town. The Government of Pakistan propose to inform the Government of South Africa on 4th February of their decision so that announcement may be published on the morning of February 6.

The Government of Pakistan sincerely trust that the Government of India will, on reconsideration, appreciate the necessity for this gesture of conciliation and take similar action. The Government of Pakistan assure the Government of India that they fully share their anxiety to secure maximum civic, social and economic rights which can be obtained for Asiatics in South Africa and that in working for this they will not let domestic differences between their two countries come in the way.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S REPLY (FEBRUARY 4):

The Government of India's decision to maintain the ban on trade with South Africa was taken after full consideration of all the relevant factors. The ban was imposed as a protest against the treatment of those who, at the time of imposition, were all Indians and now include Pakistanis.

(Continued on Page 5)

'DOWN WITH THE TYPEWRITERS!'

KARACHI, Feb. 5 (PTI).

ABOUT two hundred lower grade employees of the Pakistan Government staged an "anti-typewriter" demonstration before the Pakistan Government Secretariat yesterday.

"Down With Typewriters", "We shall not appear in efficiency examinations" were their slogans.

It is stated that typewriting has been made a compulsory subject in efficiency tests for "B Grade" Pakistan Government employees.

HUGE FIRE IN MADRAS

Tar Barrels Lost

MADRAS, Feb. 5, (PTI): About 4,000 barrels of tar costing nearly Rs. two lakhs were destroyed in one of the biggest fires that broke out this afternoon in Kasimode on the seafront about seven miles north of the city.

There was no loss of life.

Fanned by a strong wind from the sea, the fire spread rapidly. Flames and thick columns of smoke rose hundreds of feet high and were visible from a great distance. Many drums exploded.

Hundreds of huts in the neighbourhood had to be pulled down, and men, women and children living there evacuated to places of safety. Seven huts were, however, destroyed by the fire.

The city fire service was fully mobilised. Nine fire engines under the command of the District Fire Officer Mr. T. Gopalakrishna Rao battled for three hours to bring the fire under control before sunset.

Out of about 6,000 barrels of tar stacked by a contractor, only 2,000 could be saved.

The cause of the fire is not known.

The Inspector-General of Police, the Commissioner of Police and other police officers visited the spot and supervised the fire-fighting operation.

MADRAS COMMUNISTS RELEASED

Promise Not To Take Part In Activities

MADRAS, Feb. 5. (U.P.I.): The Madras Government has ordered the release of H. Manjunatha Rao of Malabar District, A. Vaithilingam of Tiruchirapalli District and Dr. T. Kannabhiran of North Arcot District, all prominent Communist leaders of the respective districts on their giving undertaking that they will not take part in any activities of the Communist Party.

Smugglers Caught

BHAGALPUR, Feb. 5 (UPI)—Twelve trucks loaded with spices, petrol, tobacco and many other articles were seized at Bataria hat today by the local police while these were being smuggled to Eastern Pakistan.

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Match for Brahmin beautiful lady, age thirty, uneducated. Brahmins, Gujrathees preferred. Box 1585 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a suitable Brahman bride for a highly educated Saraswat Brahman widower, lecturer in Medical College. Dr. J. D. Sharma, Pharmacology Department, Medical College, Lucknow. (1567)

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted immediately an experienced fitter for erection of dairy machinery at Bombay, for reputable British firm. Salary up to Rs. 400 per month to a suitable applicant. Applicants should apply at once in writing stating previous experience, etc., to Mr. J. L. Connor, Mirabelle Hotel, Bombay. 7046

ACCOMMODATION IN HILLS

Gentlemen requiring change of climate temporarily or permamently to Matheran Hills may apply for good house accommodations in independent flats each containing varandah like room, two other bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, lavatory and a large compound with separate entrance, well furnished with necessary utensils for a family, charges Rs. 7/8/- per day, Rs. 150/- per month or Rs. 750/- for a year; may apply to Jwala Palace, 57, Ghod Bunder Road, Borivli. ... (1531)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Royal Hotel—Deviali. Best cuisine, excellent services. moderate fee. Open to all communities. Write A. K. Irani. (1568)

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Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 1575

Homoepathy easily learnt. Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

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American, English Magazines subscriptions at lowest bank rates. Write for our 2,000 Magazines Catalogue. General, Technical books also available. International Book House Ltd., Opp. Clock Tower, Bombay 1. 7047

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale Chevrolet Saloon Delux 26 H.P. in tip top condition, owner driven Rs. 5,500/-. Apply D'Souza, Bilkha House, Ground Floor, Churchgate Reclamation, Bombay. (1572)

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale a profitable well established ship supplying Business with Goodwill and Luxury Office Accommodation. Rare opportunity for a genuine buyer who can invest rupees 1½ lac. Apply Box No. 1573 "Bombay Chronicle".

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Survey, Drawing and Mathematical Instruments of all descriptions. Kelly & Co., 27|1B, Simla Road. Calcutta—6 1497

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

6 Valve AC|DC Radios and Typewriters for clearance sale: going cheap. Apply Room 28, 285, Frere Road, Fort. 1580

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width. Lovely for curtains. Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd. 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6773A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE HEREBY INVITED from approved Class I and II contractors for the work of 'IMPROVEMENTS TO THE APRON AND TAXI TRACK IN FRONT OF THE TERMINAL HANGAR AT SANTA CRUZ AIRPORT' at an estimated cost of Rs. 3,35,228|- Earnest money Rs. 16,764|- Tenders will be received upto 3 p.m. on 13th February 1950 and will be opened on the same day at 3-15 p.m. Tender documents may be obtained from the office of the under-signed during office hours on payment of Rs. 10-8-0.

(Sd). D. F. DAROGA,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Division I,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate
BOMBAY.

7008

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION WEST BENGAL

Advertisement No. III.

It is hereby notified for general information that the closing date for the receipt of applications for the post of Quinologist has been extended to 14th February, 1950. 7058

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from The India United Mills Ltd., No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 & 3, No. 4, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, which will be received upto 16-2-1950 at the Registered Office, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender Forms can be obtained from this office. 7054

BOBBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ..

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 15-3--1950 for the permanent and pensionable post of STATISTICIAN HAFFKINE INSTITUTE, BOMBAY. Other things being equal backward class candidates preferred. AGE.— Not more than 28 years on 1-6-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. Age limit not applicable to Bombay Government servants. PAY.- Rs. 250-650 PLUS cost of living allowance. QUALIFICATIONS.- (a) Second Class B.A. or B. Sc. in Mathematics AND (b) special training or experience in statistics. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office. 7053

THE UNITED KARNATAK INSURANCE, COMPANY, LTD., DHARWAR

NOTICE

THE MEETING of the Policy holders for the election of three Directors to be held on 26th March 1950 is hereby cancelled according to the rules in force of the Insurance. Act, 1938, as only three applications of Messrs:-

1. B. Keshav Kini, Cloth Merchant, Ballur, S. K.
2. S. V. Goray, Esq., B.A. Pandit Road, Mattancherry, Cochin.
3. G. J. Karandikar. Esq., Director, The Pearl Products, Ltd., Kurla, Bombay.

were received before 26-1-50 and they are duly elected as Policy holders directors.

By order of the Board,
N. S. KINI,
Secretary.

Company's office,
2nd Feb. 50.

7059

FORM E

In the Matter of an Arbitration between

KANTILAL JAGJIVANDAS SHAH
and
SHEWARAM FATEHCHAND

We Appoint the 14th day of February, 1950 at the hour of 3-00 P. M. at The Board Room, The Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay for proceeding in this reference and We give notice that in case either party absents himself we shall at our discretion proceed with the reference 'ex parte'.

Dated the 31st day of January 1950.

M. C. MEHTA,
N. N. DUBASH
Arbitrators.

1584

FORM E

In the Matter of an Arbitration between.

KANTILAL JAGJIVANDAS SHAH.
and
TARACHAND TIKAMDAS, Esq.,

WE Appoint the 14th day of February, 1950 at the hour of 3-30 P. M. at The Board Room, The Native Share and Stock-Brokers' Association, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay for proceeding in this reference and We give notice that in case either party absents himself we shall at our discretion proceed with the reference 'ex parte'.

Dated the 31st day January 1950.

M. C. MEHTA,
N. N. DUBASH.
Arbitrators.

1583

NOTICE

—TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard) from The India United Mills Ltd. No. 4 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Wednesday the 8th February, 1950, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department. Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 7037

PUBLIC NOTICES

.. NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING BEEN received of the loss of the policy No. 42064 on the life of Mr. VINAYAK S:O Rajaram Gadkari, Bombay, 14, a duplicate policy will be issued unless an objection in writing is lodged with the company by any party having interest thereof within 15 days from today.

For The Neptune Assce. Co. Ltd.
M. T. MEHTA,
Managing Director.

Bombay,-1-1950

1582

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE .. COMPANY, LTD.,

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy numbered. (82115) on the life of FEROZE DARABSHAW MEHENTEE of Bombay a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

B. K. SHAH,
General Manager

Date 6th Feb. 1950.

1581

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE TO ALL CONCERN

My client SETT GUMDELLI ANANTHA PADMANABHASWAMY Proprietor of Messrs. Gumdelli Lachminarayana and Sons, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, has revoked and cancelled the Power of Attorney granted by him to Mr. MADHAVALAL PRAHLADJI OZA, residing in Ananth Building, Princess Street, Bombay, and the latter has no authority to act on behalf of my client. The Public are hereby warned against entering into any transaction with him on my client's behalf. His acts will not bind my client. The services of the said Madhavalal Prahladji Oza have also been terminated by my client. If in spite of this notice any body should deal with Madhavalal Prahladji Oza, he will be doing so at his risk.

Sd.|- C. RANGA CHAR
M.A., LL.B.
Advocate for Sett Gumdelli
Anantha Padmanabhaswamy.

7057

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of wirelite glass substitute, sulphuric Acid, steel helmets and sterrup pumps on 13-2-50 at 10-30 A. M. at Government of India Bldgs, Queens Road; at 2-30 P.M. at Hazardon Duty Paid Warehouse B.P.T. Alexandra Dock: 17 drums 2880 lbs. Thermit. By order of Regional Disposal Commissioner.

N. B. Sulphuric Acid will be sold to Municipal License holders only. For Catalogues apply to.

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CASPIN
For all Pains
BENGAL CHEMICAL

MAHAKOSAL NEWSLETTER

DOCTOR SAYS HIS PLACE IS AMONG SUFFERERS

Refuses To Be Promoted

(From Our Own Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 5.

DR. R. P. CHARI, Civil Surgeon, Victoria Hospital, Jubbulpore, having refused to exchange his surgeon's knife with the pen of the head of the department stating that his place is in the midst of the sufferers who come to him to seek the help of his skill, the Madhya Pradesh Government have reappointed Col. A. S. Garewal—the retired Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and the Jails and the Director of Public Health to the same triple posts from which he had retired in the third week of January last.

The appointment of Col. Garewal has been made for a period of one year only on the clear understanding that he shall have to vacate the office if some other suitable person were found out and appointed by the Government to relieve him.

It is understood that the search for a suitable person to work as the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and the Director of Public Health is still going on with full vigour, but in the absence of the qualified and experienced hand, the Government had had no alternative left but to reappoint the 57-year-old Col. Garewal to the offices he had vacated.

It is learnt that when Dr. R. P. Chari, Civil Surgeon, Jubbulpore, expressed his inability to accept the job of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and go on a promotion to a post of Rs. 2,000/- per month from that of Rs. 750/- p.m., which he is receiving at present, the Provincial Government have been, it is gathered, contemplating to promote the 51-year-old Dr. Tarachand Dayasingh Sahani, Civil Surgeon, Amraoti, and appoint him as the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

MISMANAGEMENT

The people are painfully surprised over the apathy which is being shown towards the Victoria Hospital, Jubbulpore, by the Provincial Government on account of the working of the red-tape. The hospital is being overcrowded on account of the heavy rush of patients both from the city and the outside areas. The number of the patients is more than 300 and a number of them are placed in the varandas for want of accommodation in the wards. There are only 30 nurses to attend these patients. The number of doctors and ward boys, sweepers and dressers is inadequate to look after the helpless indoor patients.

There are no 'tattis or 'purdah' to screen the patients lying in the verandas against the scorching rays of the sun which fall directly upon them or to protect them against the blast of cold and piercing breeze in winter. There are no fans in some of the general wards.

The Health Minister, who had visited the hospital in June last year to see the condition for himself, had promised to sanction a sum of Rs. 12,000/- to provide the elementary amenities to the patients, but this amount has not been received as yet here by the authorities, although two children had succumbed to the heat-stroke in the hospital for want of fans in their ward.

THEFTS

The cases of cycle thefts and of house-breaking are, of late, on the increase in Jubbulpore much to the discomfiture of the public. Three to four cycles are pinched away daily by the cycle-lifters from the various parts of the city, and the police are finding themselves either in checking this growing menace of cycle-thefts or in tracing out the culprits and in recovering the stolen cycles. The gang of cycle-lifters comprises of young urchins and school students belonging to the so-called respectable families.

* * *

The Telephone authorities have installed a new "switch-board" in Jubbulpore and are busy laying down the cables to give 200 more new connections.

* * *

A freak of nature was witnessed when a hen hatched out a four-legged chicken in Nalbund Mohalla, a ward of Jubbulpore. The chicken survived for a few hours. The dead bird has been preserved and it will be sent to a museum by its owner.

* * *

The city police have detected two flour mills in Jubbulpore and arrested seven persons on the alleged charge of violating the Food Control Order by de-husking the 'bagad' rice in contravention of the Government orders against the polishing of the rice. The mills have been sealed by the police, and the suspects were released on bail.

* * *

Inspector Sharma of the Central Anti-Corruption Department has arrested three merchants at Narkhed railway station on the Itarsi-Nagpur section of the G.I.P. Rly. under section 161 I.P.C. It is alleged that the suspects were apprehended red handed while they were offering illicit gratification to the station master.

* * *

The total number of Rinderpest outbreak reports registered in Madhya pradesh during the year 1949 till the end of October last was 645 and the number of goat virus vaccinations done by field staff was 5,38,191, which included prophylactic vaccination also.

* * *

An allotment of Rs. 3.65,000 has been sanctioned by the Madhya Pradesh Government for the scheme of subsidised distribution of 'Rahutas' (water-lifters) for lifting water from the wells.

PROHIBITION IN EAST BENGAL FROM APRIL

DACCA, Feb. 4. (UPI): The Government of East Bengal has decided to introduce prohibition with regard to the sale and consumption of foreign as well as country liquor throughout the Province with effect from April 1, 1950.

As many as 276 foreign and country liquor shops will be closed down throughout East Bengal, which will result in a loss of about half a crore of rupees annually to the Government.

As a measure of discouraging the habit of drinking, while the number of liquor shops will be reduced to the minimum, to supply the needs of the permit-holders only, prices of liquor will be increased and limit of possession of the quantity of liquor will be reduced considerably.

Jamiat Worker Arrested In Karachi

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb. 5: The Central C.I.D. took into custody one Haji Mohomed, a Muslim at the aerodrome who arrived here from Delhi on a business trip.

According to the authorities, the arrested person is an important worker of the Jamiat-ul-ulma-e-Hind and had come to Pakistan with a view to gather some informations 'as a secret agent of the Government of India'. Police is said to have recovered some papers from his possession which included an introductory letter to a Pakistan Minister from an Indian Minister.

Azurie To Develop Muslim Dances

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb. 5: Miss Azurie, the famous Indian Dancer, who has just returned here from her dance tour of the European countries, desires to settle down in Pakistan with a view to develop Muslim dances.

In a press interview, Miss Azurie said that 'people believed that there was no such thing as a Muslim Dance which was incorrect inasmuch as what was generally known as Indian dancing and Indian Music, had been to a great extent introduced and developed by Muslims. The Moghul kings had taken special pains in this respect. The Khattak dance was essentially a Muslim dance while the Manipuri dance had traits of Muslim art.'

War Threat By Azad Kashmir Defence Minister

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, Feb. 5: A threat-cum-offer to settle the Kashmir dispute amongst themselves 'either through a ballot or through a war' has been made to the Kashmir National Conference authorities by Colonel Ali Ahmed Shah, Acting President and Defence Minister of the Azad Kashmir Government in a message broadcast from the Azad Kashmir Radio.

Colonel Ali Ahmed has further demanded the immediate withdrawal of the Indian troops from Kashmir area and said that 'the people of Kashmir have fought for their freedom for years and they cannot be expected to surrender their fate to India, where the Muslims are leading lives of slaves.'

Africa Merchants' Chamber

BOMBAY, Sunday: The Annual Election Meeting of Africa and Overseas Merchants' Chamber unanimously elected on Saturday as the Chamber's President, Sheth Gulamhusen Moledina of Messrs. Gulamhusen Moledina and Co.

The following 10 firms were elected as Members of the Managing Committee for the current year.

Messrs. Kalidas Kanji and Co. Samji Kalidas and Co. Virchand Panachand and Co (Bombay) Ltd Dawood Hajee Nasser and Co. Chhangalal Kasturchand, B. Nvalchand and Co. Velji and Co. Tribhovan Nemchand. Lakhani and Co. Mansukhlal Kantilal and Co.

Truman Greets Ceylon

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (PTI).—President Truman yesterday sent a message of congratulation to Ceylon on the anniversary of her independence. In a message to Lord Soulbury, Governor-General of Ceylon, the President said: "The people of the United States join me on this anniversary of the independence of Ceylon in expressing to Your Excellency and to the people of Ceylon the heartiest felicitations and sincere good wishes."

FED UP WITH FREEDOM

GAUHATI, Feb. 4.

A CIRCUS tiger has walked back to its cage after enjoying four days freedom in the hills.

It is reported that while a circus party was proceeding to Tezpur from Jakhalabandha via Silghat in Upper Assam the cage containing the black tiger fell down from a running truck and the animal escaped into the nearby hills. The keeper of the tiger, however, anticipating its return, kept the cage in the area with a bait, maintaining a vigilant watch all the time. His expectations did prove correct as the tiger returned to its cage on the fourth night.

News BRIEFS

KISAN BOARD: The Rajasthan Kisan Board recently set up by Government has decided to grant special scholarships to students engaged in literacy work in their respective villages, Mr. Shobaram the Revenue Minister told a meeting of the Board. The aim of the Board, he added, was to raise the cultural level of kisans and acquaint them with the measures adopted by various Government departments to ameliorate their conditions.

JOINT ACTION: The two Trotskyist organisations in Ceylon— the Lanka Sama Samaj Party and the Bolshevik Samasamaja Party— have decided to "set up joint councils at all levels for common action", as a step towards their unification.

'THAI PUSAM': Over twenty-thousand Hindus worshipped at Singapore Sri Subrahmanaya temple this week on the occasion of the Hindu religious festival of Thaipusam is celebrated in South India with great devotion. The Indian population of Singapore is mainly South Indian.

BUDDHIST RELICS: The Indian sloop "Tir" carrying the relics of Lord Buddha and his two chief disciples, Arhans Sariputta and Moggallana, left for Rangoon on Sunday. These relics were handed over to Burma's Prime Minister Thakin Nu by Sir Maung Gyee at a ceremonial function held at the Mahabodhi Society on Saturday.

STILL SERIOUS: Inspector Bannerjee, who was wounded in a clash between police and African strikers last week, was reported to be still critically ill, on Sunday.

YOUTHS' RESPONSIBILITY: The Chief Minister of West Bengal, Dr. B. C. Roy, said on Sunday that if India was to prosper youngmen, wherever they were placed, must take their advocation seriously as the future of the country ultimately depended on them.

RICE CONFERENCE: Rangoon will witness a busy international gathering next week when the F.A.O.'s International Rice Conference, the first of its kind to be held in Burma, begins its sessions on Monday. Prime Minister Thakin Nu, will, it is learnt, welcome the delegates on the first day of the session.

LUCKNOW, Feb 5 (UPI): Mr. Brahmachari who had undertaken a fast unto death in the office of the Provincial Congress Committee, gave up his hunger-strike yesterday as a result of his talks with the Police Minister, Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri.

Ajmer Muslim Shrine

CONTROLLING BODY SUGGESTED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5.

THE administration of the Dargah Khwaja Sahib, Ajmer—considered to be one of the holiest of Muslim shrines in India—should be entrusted to a high-powered body of five Sunni Indian Muslims appointed by the President, recommends the Committee set up last year by the Government of India to inquire into the temporal affairs of this shrine.

The Chairman of this high-powered body, it is suggested, should be an ex-high court judge or an advocate of 25 years' standing. The other four members of the Committee should be drawn respectively from persons eminent in (1) the public life of the country, (2) administration and revenue matters, (3) the educational field, particularly education of Muslims and (4) Muslim theology. The members should be not less than 50 years of age.

The term of the Governing Body should be five years. Each year, a member of the first nominated committee will retire and the surviving members will elect a new member belonging to the same class and possessing the same qualifications as the retiring member. The succeeding member will hold office for five years from the date of his election. No member will be eligible for re-election for a third term.

The properties of the Dargah and their control and management will vest in the Governing Body. The day-to-day administration of the Dargah will be carried on by a manager appointed by the Governing Body. He will be invested with magisterial powers and will exercise jurisdiction over the premises of the Dargah, its bazar and the mohallas of Anderkot and Khaoman.

Other recommendations of the Committee provide for the improvement of the sanitary and medical arrangements in the Dargah, the abolition of begging and smoking inside the Dargah premises, the maintenance of schools, orphanages, a hostel and a library, facilities for religious study and preaching and the publication of decent gawwalis.

HISTORY

The Dargah Khwaja Sahib in Ajmer contains the tomb of a Sufi saint Khwaja Moin-u-Din Chisti who died in Ajmer in 1236 A.D. He came to Ajmer from Ghazni sometime in 1190 or 1191, and during the next four decades attracted a large number of devoted admirers, both Muslim and Hindu. The tomb of the saint was completed in the 14th century and during the Moghul period, the Dargah became a centre of attraction not only to the general public but to the nobility and the aristocracy. Akbar and his descendants are said to have endowed large properties for the Dargah and to have added to its buildings and decorations.

Although Ajmer passed through several vicissitudes later, the Moghul emperors continued to exercise some control over the administration of the Dargah. Later, the descendants of the Sufi saint, called Saijadanasins not only succeeded to the property of the Dargah but also to the religious office. Another class of the people known as Khadims (servants of the shrine) also grew up claiming shares in the offerings made by pilgrims. The office of the Mutawalli (manager of the trust) also tended to become hereditary.

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON WORKERS IN BILLIMORA

Mill Strike Takes Ugly Turn

SURAT, Feb. 4, (UPI): The three-day strike of the workers of Gaekwad mills in Billimora, a place about 30 miles from Poona, came to a head last night when angry demonstrators surrounded a police head constable, and the police had to open fire in order to disperse the crowd and rescue their comrade.

Details of the police firing are not yet available.

Several constables were injured as a result of stones that were thrown at the police.

The latest report says that the military have been asked to stand by in order to prevent any serious breach of peace.

For the last three days, workers of the Gaekwad mills have been on strike following the dismissal of an employee. The Communist dominated union of the workers has been picketing before the mill gate.

More police had to be drafted by the authorities in order to prevent recurrence of any ugly incident as well as to enable them to cope with any serious breach of the peace that might occur.

"Section 144 has been promulgated in the mill area" said Mr. M. K. Deshpande Collector of Surat who is now in Billimora.

SITUATION IMPROVES IN SURAT

SURAT, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.): The situation in Billimora, where police opened fire on Friday night to disperse demonstrators, was quiet throughout Saturday, according to official information received here.

Eleven persons have been arrested for having been in possession of weapons or lathis in contravention of the District Magistrate's prohibitory orders and two others taken into custody in connection with Friday's incident.

Improving Social Status Of Women

LADY RAMA RAU'S PLEA

HYDERABAD, Feb. 5, (PTI): Lady Rama Rao appealed today for public aid co-operation for the All-India Womens Conference to carry on its work of improving the social status of the women of India.

Speaking at a meeting of women at the Zamarud Mahal Talkies here this morning, Lady Rama Rao declared that the Conference had gone from strength to strength and had today about three hundred branches all over the country, with a membership of over thirty thousand. Each of these branches was largely autonomous.

Mrs. Vellodi, wife of the Chief Minister of Hyderabad, presided over the meeting.

The importance of the conference, Lady Rama Rao said, could be gauged from the recognition it had received from the United Nations which had conferred a "consultative organisations status" on the Conference.

Multiple Address Telegrams To Be Cancelled

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, (By Air).

Government are examining a proposal to abolish multi-address system for Press telegrams. Press telegrams to more than one address in different parts of India can be sent at present.

The Government are also expected to sanction Air India's application for a non-stop Delhi-Bombay night air service. A similar non-stop night air service between Delhi and Calcutta is envisaged by May next. Meanwhile, the Government hope to be in a position to know that effect Delhi-Bombay service had on the existing night air service.

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BE SELF-RELIANT AND DO CLEAN BUSINESS

Dinkerrao Desai's Advice To Refugee Traders

BOMBAY, Sunday.

MR. Dinkerrao N. Desai, Minister for Law and Civil Supplies, Government of Bombay, declared open the Gandhi Cloth Market, a refugee enterprise comprising 75 stalls, at Matunga this evening. In the course of his address to the stall-holders, the Minister advised them to be self-reliant and to adopt clean business methods, so that they would secure not only the support of the Government in their efforts to rehabilitate themselves, but also the goodwill of the consumer.

Mr. Desai commended the efforts of the refugees in trying to rehabilitate themselves by their own industry and personal sacrifices, and added that Government would do all in its power to help the refugees. No doubt the authorities were confronted with several difficul. problems all of which needed attention. The resettlement of refugees was a vast task, but Government was making every effort to render what help it could, and would continue to do so.

LOANS

With regard to Government loans for which the Market Association had asked, the Minister said that loans would be granted if the dealers organised themselves into a co-operative society. He also stated that the dealers would get their quota of cloth according to their requirements.

Explaining the reason for the control on cloth, Mr. Desai said that there was an urge for profiteering throughout the country, and it was therefore necessary to control commodities which were essential to the common man. He advised the stall-holders to eshew any method of business which savoured of unfair dealing, and to maintain a high standard of business morals

2 KILLED, 4 INJURED

Group-Clash Near Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5, (HTI): Two persons were killed and four others injured in a clash between two groups of people in Batanagar area, about seventeen miles from Calcutta, last night. Two cases of arson were also reported.

The trouble, it is stated, arose out of an altercation betwen two customers in a tea shop in which others joined.

The Superintendent of Police, Twenty-Four—Parganas, proceeded to the spot with an armed force and brought the situation under control. Twenty arrests were made.

School Set On Fire

PURULIA, Feb. 5 (UPI).—The Majhihira Basic Training School was set on fire by some miscreants and the entire structure with all materials within has been reduced to ashes.

The damage is estimated at about Rs. 20,000.

Telegrams have been sent to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Republic, the Prime Minister the President of the All-India Congress and the Provincial Congress and others soliciting an inquiry and remedy.

Thakin Nu Receives Buddhist Relics

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5 (PTI).—Burma's Prime Minister Thakin Nu accompanied by his wife and daughter left Burma today by a special plane.

Thakin Nu arrived here yesterday to receive on behalf of the Government and the people of Burma the relics of two chief disciplines of Lord Buddha—Arhans Sariputta and Moggalana.

At a function yesterday afternoon at the Maha Bodhi Society Hall, the relics along with forty Bo saplings and two grafted Bo saplings were presented to Thakin Nu by Sir Maung Gyee, Burmese Ambassador in India, who received the relics earlier from the Maha Bodhi Society authorities.

PURSE TO DR. HARDIKAR

Mr. S. K. Patil's Appeal

Shri S. K. Patil, President, B.P.C.C. and Mayor of Bombay has issued the following appeal on behalf of Dr. N. S. Hardikar Diamond Jubilee Celebrations Committee:—

"Dr. N. S. Hardikar, Founder of the Hindustan Seva Dal Movement, completes his 60th year on May 7, 1950. It is the desire of his friends and admirers who are spread all over this land, that this occasion should be celebrated on a country-wide scale. A Committee has been formed with a view to organising these celebrations, and in my capacity as President of this Committee, I appeal to all citizens of Bharat to extend their full co-operation in carrying out the programmes in this connection in a manner befitting the great services of the veteran leader.

To recall Dr. Hardikar's services is recalling the history of the growth of the Congress Seva Dal Movement which formed the very backbone of our struggle for freedom. Immediately on his return from a tour of the U.K. and the U.S.A., Dr. Hardikar realised the necessity of having well-disciplined and trained young men to volunteer for the movement. He set about the task in a planned and disciplined manner and very soon achieved great results. The Father of our Nation inspired the whole country and led it successfully to its freedom. This was possible due to the untiring and selfless services rendered by persons like Dr. Hardikar who was particularly responsible for building a young generation to the needs of the nation.

"On behalf of Dr. Hardikar Diamond Jubilee Celebrations Committee I once again appeal for liberal donations for the purse to be presented to him.

B. P. C. C.'s Ambulance Service

The Ambulance Service set up by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee attended twenty-five calls during the month of January, 1950. This service is readily available to any person and those in need may contact the office of the Congress Ambulance Corps at Telephone No. 40141 at any hour.

SPECIAL TRAINS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Three hundred and forty-four special trains were run on Indian railways during the month of December 1949, of which 121 were for general goods, 46 for foodgrains, 49 for manganese ore, 32 for salt, 11 for pig iron, 14 for jute, 8 for cement, 2 for textiles and one for sugar.

Kashmir Exhibition

JAMMU, Feb. 5 (PTI)—Rich ornaments and costumes, rare paintings of historical importance and old manuscripts recently excavated—all connected with the Dogra school of painting of Jammu—were displayed yesterday in an exhibition organised by the Education Department of the state.

FILM AS A MEDIUM OF EDUCATING MASSES

Mr. S. K. Patil On Scope Of Inquiry

BOMBAY, Sunday (UPI).

"THE Government are very anxious to reconstruct and re-organize the film industry and help it in every possible manner," said Mr. S. K. Patil, Chairman of the Film Inquiry Committee, addressing a press conference in Bombay today.

He added that film industry in India which was next only to the U.S.A., in respect of annual out turn had a very promising future in this country and Government were taking very keen interest in its development.

Continuing he said: "Considering the importance of the cinema in modern life and the magnitude and complexity of the problems relating to films, the Government of India constituted a 'Film Inquiry Committee' to investigate the whole position and suggest means by which this important industry could be put on a sound footing and be developed as a medium of education and healthy entertainment."

POOR RESPONSE

Explaining the work done by the Committee, so far, he said that the Committee had issued about 3,600 copies of comprehensive questionnaires in two types covering different aspects of the film industry, to the people in the industry and to educationists, administrators, legislators and various cultural and social organisations to elicit opinion. But he expressed disappointment at the response from these people.

The Committee, he added, would go round the country, visit major centres of film production and distribution and take oral evidence from those connected with the industry and from those concerned with social welfare in its educational, cultural and moral aspects The Committee would be completing its preliminary work by the end of March and would be ready to take oral evidence in April and May.

In conclusion he emphasised the importance of the cinema in this country and said: "At a time when we are building a new nation, a cinema had to carry the task of englightening the illiterate, and disseminating knowledge and culture apart from entertainment."

He therefore appealed to all to take a lively interest in this industry and give their whole-hearted co-operation to make it one of the foremost industry of the country.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Magh Vad 4, 2006.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 18, 1369.
Parsi: Shehrever 7, 1319.
Sunrise: 7-11 a.m. Sunset: 6-34 p.m.
Hightide: 02-06, 14-28.
Lowtide: 08-23, 20-16.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Weekly meeting, Corporation Hall, 3 p.m.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY KENNEL CLUB: Dog show and prize distribution, St. Xavier's Sports Ground, Marine Lines, 5-15 p.m. Rani Maharaj Singh will gave away the prizes.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL CLUB: First meeting of "Silverfish", Cursondas Natha Bldg., Haman Street, 5-15 p.m.

TODAY'S RADIO

Air News From Delhi

MONDAY, Feb 6

English—8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6, 9. Gujarati 8-45 a.m 1 p.m. 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. 6-10, 9-15, Kannada 7-45 a.m. 7-45 p.m., Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m., Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m. 7-15 p.m., Telugu 7 a.m 1-50 p.m 7 p.m

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee, 7 35 Physical Education, 7-40 Today's Programme, 7-45 P. Upadhyay, G Geet, 8-15 S. B. Shastri, kh. Vilambit, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 P. Upadhyaay, Geets, 1-40 Dance Music, 5-0 Hindi by Radio, 5-30 Laxmirao Chavan, Sitar, 5-30 Y. Joshi, Sham Kalyan, 6-10 Prof. Devdaar's Music Lessons, 6-30 S. C. Divekar, kh, Vilambit, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 S. C. Divekar, Drut Kalyan, 7-30 P. Upadhyay, G. Geets, 7-45 For Industrial Workers, 8-30 Indian Republic, G. Talk, 8-45 N. Mazumdar, this Month's Song, 9-15 L Chavan Sitar, 9-30 Film Songs, 9-45 Roshan Caplain, Books Review, 10-0 Imelda Gonsalves, Mezzo Soprano, 10-15 A. Sandler's Trio, 10-45 R. Tauber.

VARIATIONS:—8-0 a.m. L. Chavan, Sitar, 8-45 Indirabai Chikramane, M. Songs, 1 p.m. M. Bhavgeet, 1-10 Geet Madhuri, 1-50 For Women, 5-0 Hindi by Radio, 6-0 L. K. Kunte, Clarionet, 6-20 For Rural Listeners, 7-45 Commercial News, 8-15 Y. Joshi, M. Pad, 9-0 Indirabai Chikramane, K. Songs, 10-0 A Murzban, "Ma", 10-30 Apna Sangeet.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Vandana, 7-40 Physical Education, 7-45 and 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 5-45 D. K. Bidwe's Party, Shahnai, 6-10 Hindi Lessons, 6-30 For Listeners, 7-0 As in Ahmedabad, 7-15 N. Naik, "Madhyastha Karobari", G., 7-30 Shanta Mullick and Sisters, Dholak Geets, 7-40 D. Bidwe's Party, Shahnai, 7-50 D. R. Mehta, Geets, 8-0 Music Appreciation, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Shanta Mullick and Sisters, Dholak Geets, 8-45 As in Ahmedabad, 9-30 Songs Story.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda, 7-40 Physical Education, 7-45 G. A. Khan, Jaunporini Bandisho, 8-15 Vadya Jhankar, 8-30 M. Raval, Narsain's Pads, 5-30 p.m. M. Raval, Pads, 5-45 As in Baroda, 6-10 Hindi Lessons, 6-30 G. A Khan, kh. Basant, 7-0 Geet Kunj, 7-15 N. Naik, "Madhyashtha Karobari", G., 7-30 For Industrial Workers, 8-0 Music Appreciation, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 As in Baroda, 8-45 N. Pathak's Devotional Songs, 9-30 G. A. Khan, Rag Hem Kalyan.

Scattered Rain In Punjab

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Feb 5: Following is the daily weather summary for Sunday: A western disturbance lies this morning over the north-east Punjab. It is likely to pass away north-eastwards across the Punjab hills.

Weather has been dry over the country except for scattered light showers in Punjab and North Rajasthan.

Night temperatures have markedly risen in Rajasthan, Madhya Bharat and the West Madya Pradesh.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 6th: Rainfall will occur locally in the hills of the East Punjab and of the West Uttar Pradesh. Scattered showers are also likely in the plain's of the East Punjab and of the Uest Uttar Pradesh and in and arounnd the west Madhya Pradesh and the northern divisions of Madhya Bharat.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from December 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hours IST on February 5:—

Ahmedabad 87 57 0 0 minus 0.1, Ajmer 74 50 0 0 minus 0.7, Allanabad 73 46 0 1.0 minus 0.3, Baroda 91 49 0 minus 0.1, Bhopal 84 52 0 0 minus 0.5, Bhuj 79 — — — —, BOMBAY 83 65 0 0 minus 0.2, Calcutta 80 55 0 0 minus 0.7, Cherapunji 60 57 0 0.2 minus 1.2, Cochin 90 72 0 0.1 minus 2.5, Colombo 79 67 0 4.1 minus 5.6, Cuttack 87 63 0 0 minus 0.6, Dehra Dun 63 47 0 4.8 plus 0.9, Delhi 67 47 T 0.6 minus 1.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 92 56 0 0 minus 0.6, Karachi+56 0 0.5 minus 0.3, Lahore 60 42 0 1.6 minus 0.1, Madras 87 65 0 0.5 minus 6.5, Mussoorie 53 43 0 3.9 minus 1.4, Nagpur 90 58 0 0 minus 0.9, Patna 80 49 0 0.3 minus 0.7, Poona 94 56 0 0 minus 0.2, Port Blair 87 75 0 0.3 minus 2.6, Ranchi 80 46 0 0.1 minus 1.3.

UNITE AND LEAD PEOPLE IN THE PATH OF PROGRESS

Morarji's Appeal To Quarrelling Congressmen

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THERE is no hope of a bright future for the country if disunity and internal dissensions weaken the Congress organisation," observed Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, during his discussions with the Congress workers of Kaira district at Nadiad, yesterday evening.

Mr Desai, who is on a three-day tour of Gujerat, expressed his firm belief that only the Congress organisation could lead the people in building up a strong and united nation and called upon the Congressmen to unite without indulging in petty quarrels and work hard to strengthen the Congress. He told them that if they became negligent, they would not be able to lead people in the path of progress.

Earlier, the Home Minister laid the foundation-stone of the expansion of the present Municipal Public Water Works at Bhadran and addressed a conference of social workers of Gujerat at Vithal Kanya Vidyalaya, Nadiad

FRUITS OF FREEDOM

Speaking at Bhadran, Mr Desai asked the people to remember the lessons taught by Gandhiji and reconstruct the society in such a way that the soul of Mahatmaji might rest in peace. He told them to sink all differences, to unite and to create an atmosphere of true understanding as well as to become self-reliant if they were to reap the benefits of freedom.

The present expansion of Bhadran Water Works has been planned at a cost of Rs. 7,28,006. Messages wishing success to the scheme were received from Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Minister for Public Works and Mr. V. L. Mehta, Minister for Finance. The silver replica of the hammer and the tool with which Mr. Morarji Desai laid the foundation of the new pipe line brought Rs. 11,710 when auctioned. This amount was contributed towards the Water Works Fund.

RESPONSIBILITIES

Addressing the conference of social workers of Gujerat, Mr. Desai told all those present that if they did not fulfil the responsibility laid upon them by the new constitution, there would be disaster for the country. He reminded them of Mahatmaji's ideal of building up India into a nation the example of which other nations of the world might follow. Mahatmaji had chalked out a programme of reconstruction which, he believed, his followers would follow even after his death.

Bapu was no more with them and they had to shoulder great responsibilities of reconstructing India and establishing Ramrajya. Gujerat was specially indebted to Gandhiji for it was he who first sowed seeds of political life in Gujerat and nourished it so that it became one and united and free from all domestic quarrels.

RAM RAJYA

Ram Rajya, said Mr. Desai, was a State where people lived peacefully and no one had to suffer for the ills of others. It was a State where men lived as true human beings and behaved in such a manner that no one caused any harm to any one else by one's behaviour That was the Ram Rajya: that was the secular State

Stressing the need of closer co-operation between the State and the people, Mr Desai said that many more persons, men and particularly women, should come forward to help those who were making efforts to build up the secular State wherein every man and woman had food to eat, clothes to wear and houses to live and equal opportunities in all spheres of life to develop one's individuality according to one's ability

TIGER MENACE

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 5, (PTI): The Madhya Pradesh Government has offered 34 rewards amounting to Rs. 3,850 for the destruction of man-eating and cattle-lifting tigers and panthers, who have been causing depredation in the forest areas of Mandla, Balaghat and other districts

RICKSHAW PULLERS STRIKE WORK

Complaint Against Police In Silchar

SILCHAR, Feb 5 (UPI) The rickshaw pullers of Silchar struck work today as a protest against alleged police excesses committed last night on a rickshaw puller

A procession of rickshaw pullers paraded the main streets today shouting slogans Later a deputation led by the President of the Cachar District Rickshaw Mazdoor Union met the Superintendent of Police on the latter's assurance that proper action would be taken in the matter, the Union directed the rickshaw pullers to resume work

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The Bombay Chronicle

INDIA AND PAKISTAN

The relations at present existing between India and Pakistan are attracting attention both in the two Dominions and in the outside world. Foreign commentators call for a settlement in the interests of checking Communism. In India, there is a desire for peace which will allow the two governments to apply themselves to internal problems. In Pakistan, it has to be regretfully admitted, there seems to be a feeling that by causing the maximum embarrassment to the Indian Government the work of the Pakistan Government will be rendered easier. There has not been a single matter on which the Pakistan Government has been willing to reach a direct settlement with India. On the other hand, by its policy towards minorities, Pakistan has done everything it could to keep the wounds of partition raw and unhealed. After an intense campaign of persecution in West Pakistan, the centre of mischief has shifted to East Pakistan and every day we are treated to some fresh example of harassment. On top of it all there is a wicked propaganda of misrepresentation which keeps on insisting that Muslims in West Bengal are subjected to deprivation of liberty and made to feel strangers in their own land. The Chief Minister of West Bengal has had no difficulty in answering these accusations and his assertions are supported by the appeal of three Muslim members of the Minority Board, Nadiad, to the Chief Minister of East Bengal insisting that the Muslims of India do not want their peace to be disturbed by the activities of the East Bengal Government or of its people and their repercussions on Indians. The Bagge Tribunal's award clarifying the obscurities of the Radcliffe Boundary Commission ought to remove one reason for difference between the two Bengal governments and at the same time furnish a warning to future commissions and committees set up by the Indian and Pakistan Governments to avoid any uncertainty that leaves opportunities for different interpretations. It is fortunate that on the eve of this award the conduct of affairs in East Bengal should be such as to raise another issue.

It is the consensus of opinion in the Parliament at New Delhi that India should not add to the complexity of Indo-Pakistan relations by adopting a retaliatory policy. So far as minorities go, it is obvious that the most desirable solution is that which enables the larger number of these citizens to live peacefully in their own Dominions. By the very acceptance of Partition, the two Governments have surrendered the right to concern themselves directly with the affairs of people residing in the other Dominion. But there is the responsibility on both sides to see that the decisions of the leaders are not visited on the people. Failing an arrangement between the two Governments which will accord full citizenship rights to their respective minorities, it should be possible to reach some understanding by which members of the minorities who feel uneasy in their own Dominion, could be peacefully settled in the country of their choice. It is necessary, however, that the choice must be free and their own. The difficulty of working out such an agreement is the consistent obstructive policy of Pakistan. In Parliament the other day twenty-three breaches of agreements by Pakistan were listed; Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel declared earlier that an agreement with Pakistan required a guarantee of observance, the utility of which seems questionable. There is as little confidence in this Dominion regarding the efficacy of a guarantee as there is in the Indian Government regarding the value of agreements. It is in the circumstances to the policy of the Government of India that the people of India look for a way out of the situation. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru indicated that the migrations from East Bengal created a serious situation calling for action to check them on the one hand and help those who came over on the other. There is no conceivable method of checking migrations in the unhelpful attitude of Pakistan without causing greater hardship to the migrating persons. The second condition has, therefore, necessarily to be fulfilled by the Indian Government in spite of the difficulties it is facing in settling even those displaced persons who are already in our midst. Nor must it be forgotten that men and women who are coming over from Pakistan after suffering every kind of persecution there, need time to adjust themselves psychologically to the conditions and environment in which they find themselves in India. It is a policy which calls for the highest degree of co-operation from all parties and the maximum patience. And, in view of Pakistan's attitude, it is all the more essential that India's peaceful aims should be free from either misunderstanding or misrepresentation.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru very rightly denounced those who commended a policy and retaliation and getting tough, which revealed, he said, a crooked mentality. Obviously those who seek trouble, will not suffer themselves. Moreover, retaliation will only mean playing into the hands of those in Pakistan who are already influential enough to push their Government into a policy that is detrimental to the interests of that dominion and its people. If Pakistan is determinedly following obstructionist tactics, it is doing it with the object of provoking India and creating utter confusion. Retaliation would be allowing that object to be attained; it will certainly make matters worse and not better. Patience on the part of the Indian Government will certainly develop strength in the nation and might in time lead to better counsels prevailing in Pakistan itself. The Government of India has pursued the only policy which could be pursued by a civilized, self-respecting administration. And in this it has the full support of the Indian people. It is unfortunate that a few politicians with no concern but their own advancement should indulge in irresponsible utterances which, ineffective in this Dominion, provide an opportunity for the Pakistan irreconcilables to hold their Government to its present policy.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

One or two members of the House had complained that a sufficient number of women had not been returned to the House (mild laughter). That of course, was not a matter which concerned Government policy but he would like to express his entire concurrence with that complaint and his firm opinion that women had not had a fair deal in this country (hear, hear). It would be of serious consequence to this country and to the House as to whether a sufficient number of women were returned or not in the future.

— The Prime Minister, speaking in the Parliament.

* *

The President of the Supreme Soviet Presidium, U.S.S.R. Mr. Shvernik, has sent the following message to the President of the Indian Republic: "I request you to accept my greetings on the occasion of the proclamation of the Indian Republic and send my good wishes both to the first President and to the Indian people through you".

President Shvernik of the Soviet Union is palpably guilty of rightist deviation, if not worse. Clearly, therefore, it is the duty of the Communist Party of India to call for his suspension from membership of the Soviet Communist Party.

* *

The Council of the U. P. Congress Committee, after a five-hour session, suspended, we read, Mr. Trilok Singh, former leader of the minority group in the Congress Legislative Party, from membership of the U.P.C.C. and its subordinate committees for an indefinite period.

Thus striking another powerful below in the cause of Congress solidarity and Congress 'prestige in Uttar Pradesh.

* *

Cooch-Bihar Report: A man who came to India from Pakistan "to liberate Muslims of the Indian Union" was arrested at Bamanhata and remanded to jail custody pending investigation.

Which was a procedure very unjust and unfair to him. The man should quite obviously have been remanded to a lunatic asylum pe[illegible]g investigation.

* *

M. Vincent Auriol, the French President, has now ratified the agreement with Bao Dai, which thus constitutes a formal recognition, "de facto" and "de jure", of an independent Indo-China within the French Union.

It is now the turn of the Soviet Union to denounce this recognition as a grave unfriendly act towards the Soviet Union.

* *

The latest Soviet move on the international chess board is a demand for the trial of Emperor Hirohito as a war criminal.

There is, however, no substance yet in the suggestion that in answer to the rejection by the U. S. of this demand the Soviet Union has decided to announce recognition of the Communist Party as the 'de facto' regime in Japan.

* *

Bombs of the future, explains a U. S. comment, conceivably could "fry" the largest city on earth in a matter of seconds.

What a future!

AN EVENTFUL WEEK IN DELHI

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, (By Air Mail).

THREE events crowded into this wee. Firstly, the Soviet Russia officially recognised Ho Chi Minh regime in the French Indo-China. Secondly, President Truman gave his go-ahead orders for the work in connection with the H-Bomb. Thirdly, the President of the Indian Republic announced that wedded as it were to the promotion of peace in and outside India, his Government proposed to reduce defence expenditure, both as a measure of economy and gesture of peace.

With the first two developments, a third global war seems to be round the corner. The issue is whether, India, with her defences still in the making, can afford to scale down her defences, when the countries encircling her are arming themselves to their teeth? A gesture is laudable, if it is responded. Will India's gesture be responded, even by her next door neighbour, Pakistan?

Partition had almost crippled India's defences. Partition, not only created new and almost undefended frontiers and divided the three services on communal basis, but also inter-alia deprived India of the Naval and Air training institutions, and Army Staff College. These losses are being slowly repaired. Training institutions have been hurriedly set up, often in war-time temporary buildings. Great deal of work still remains. A gesture may be good, when India's defences have been perfected.

ECONOMY DRIVE

The Economy drive has already slowed down hte housing programms for the forces. Strategically, a poorly devised housing programme leads to faulty disposition of the forces. In a war-hungry worldfl a gesture of peace may endanger the security of India and imperil the hard won freedom of the Indian people. In contrast to what the President said, George Washington often reiterated that a reasonable preparation for defence was one of the best guarantees of peace.

General Mac Arthur, commenting on this declaration once observed:— "The soundness of this belief has been demonstrated more than once in our own history, both affirmatively we were unusually well prepared to exert promptly a strong military pressure, and negatively we were relatively weak in this respect."

Ordinary man has little conception of what defence preparations mean. Let me instance the Air Force. For every crew in the Air Force, there should be, at least, one crew in reserve for every operating aircraft, so that when necessary the plane can be kept in the air eight to twelve hours a day. There should be another crew on the way to the front and two more crews in the training. In addition, every active crew needs the services of some fifteen other individuals plus an undetermined number of industrial workers, transport labourers, producers of raw materials and foodstuffs. For every flyer there must be from twenty-five to thirty other persons in reserve or at work. Then again, without long, thorough and unified training, air control can neither be won nor kept. Of the two Air Forces equal in number and quality of planes, that force wins whose pilots have received better training.

All this needs money. It is often complained that Independence has not reduced defence budget. The question can be answered by a counter-question, namely has Independence reduced the Civil budget?

Fourteen Ministers, four Ministers of States and two Deputy Ministers today do the work of what seven, Executive Councillors did in 1939. With Independence, India lost the protection it had from British Navy, British Air Force and British Army. Mr. Munshi was right when he said that national security should not be sacrificed at the alter of an ideology.

FIRST PLACE FOR ARMY

A silent revolution has taken place in the Armed Forces on January 26, when an age long order of precedence was changed, dethroning the Indian Navy from its ancient "always first place" and assigning it to the Indian Army. In future, the Army units will march pass first at all ceremonial parades and Army Chiefs will be accorded higher place in the Warrant of Precedence. The Air Force being the youngest service, has been accorded the third place, Army, Navy and the Air Force.

This decision has created a little surprise. For, I remember listening to the debate in the Central Legislative Assembly on the second Navy Discipline Bill in 1934. The Army Secretary in piloting the Bill had announced that the Royal Indian Navy will become the senior-most service in India. Then again, the framers of India's 1949 constitution have placed Navy on the top, followed by the Army and Air Force.

This un-provoked downgrading of the Navy, is being resented. It is true that the Army is a bigger service, has been before the public eye for generations. But India's Navy has played an equal role in its own sphere. Tradition counts a great deal and it was in the traditional way that the British Commanders-in-Chief, who were the supreme heads of the Navy, Army and Air Forces and themselves belonged to the Army, had always given the place of honour to the Navy.

There are two other developments worth mentioning on the Naval Front. The Army Staff College at Willington in the Nilgiris has been developed into an Inter-Service Staff College where, in addition to Army Officers, Selected Officers from the Navy and

(Continued on Page 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Education And The National Language

Referring to the relation of the National Language to school education at a press conference, Bombay's Chief Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher expressed his view-point that students should learn it from the primary right up to the University stage. Since the question of the National Language was finally decided upon, its place in the system of general education now needs to be precisely defined. For Hindi to be a medium of inter-provincial communication, every citizen whatever his mother-tongue be, must have a working knowledge of it, and, in order to achieve this end, it is essential to assign to Hindi, a place of prominence, in the educational system since the issue of medium of instruction in schools has been already settled, little difficulty will be experienced by the Hindi-speaking states in their approach to the National Language from the educational angle. In the case of other states, Hindi will have to be properly allocated in the language courses of school-education. As regards the State of Bombay, Mr. Kher declared that the introduction of Hindi as a compulsory language in the higher secondary stages was under active consideration of the Government and that a scheme was being worked out by experts. It would be necessary to see that the National Language is not eclipsed by the rising tide of linguistic regionalism.

The League Of Nations Way?

The reported intention of the Nationalist China representative on the Security council to exercise the veto in case an attempt was made to oust Chiang's China from the permanent membership is not unexpected. But though in a sense it was inevitable, it raises a number of interesting questions which the United Nations will have to work out before it proceeds further in the matter. There is no provision in the U.N. Charter to enable the Security Council, or even the General Assembly, to denote a Big Power from its privileged position or to raise a non-Big Power to the status of a Big Power. The provisions regarding an amendment of the Charter require the consent of all the permanent members of the Security Council and there is no way of getting out of this need without infringing the Charter itself. It is significant that Russia's most vehement protests have been registered on the position accorded to Chiang's China and, if some method is not devised of according Mao Tse-Tung the representation which is justly his, Russia might succumb to the temptation of quitting the U.N. On the other hand, if a method is found, it is a certainty that, involving as it must do the ousting of Nationalist China, it will be applied against Soviet Russia which has been indulging its right of veto far too freely for the liking of the Western Democracies. This means that the United Nations is in grave danger of falling to bits or at best of dividing into two incompatible groups since Russia has a sufficient number of sympathetic nations now to form a separate international organisation instead of a separate bloc in the United Nations.

Future Of Sinkiang

Mr. Mohammad Amin Bugra, a former Vice-Governor of Sinkiang (Chinese Turkestan) who escaped on the eve of the communist coup in September last, said at New Delhi that Sinkiang might shortly come under the direct control of Moscow. Certain recent developments do circumstantially suggest the possibility of Sinkiang becoming virtually a recognised unit of the U.S.S.R. For instance, a Sinkiang delegation is reported to have joined the Soviet-Chinese talks in Moscow as if Sinkiang was a separate entity from the rest of China. Now, Chinese control over Sinkiang has always been vague and loose like that over Tibet. Moreover Sinkiang has been frequently shifting its allegiance, though not formally, between Communist Russia and Kuomintang China. Generally speaking Sinkiang has been more a Communist Zone of influence than a Kuomintang one. But legally and officially it has always been Chinese. An important question arises: now that China itself has become Communist and has entered into full alliance with the Soviet Union why should communist Sinkiang not form an unconditionally recognised and fully integral part of Communist China just as any other Chinese province does and just as Communist China claims—with the support of the Communist world—Tibet should do? There can be no reason now why it should not. If the Soviet Union now acquires sovereignty over Sinkiang or even shares it with China, the transaction will definitely savour of aggrandisement—there is a worse name for it too—even though Mao Tse-Tung may be a consenting party to it.

The Place Of English

In consequence of Hindi being a medium of instruction in the Hindi-speaking States, students in such regions will acquire higher knowledge of the language. The non-Hindi speaking States will obviously remain at a disadvantage. The Governments of such States should therefore, plan the language courses in such a way as to impart a fair knowledge of Hindi to students. Proceeding Mr. Kher asserted that the Government's policy would be uniform and that Hindi would not be purely Sanskritised as spoken in the United Provinces but would be simple and full of easy words and would be like Hindustani of Mahatma Gandhi's conception. The form of Hindi as a means of inter-provincial communication and the uniformity of educational policy with respect to it being vital issues, they must be approached on an all-India level. Mr. Kher also affirmed that students will have to learn, hereafter, four languages in all and rather airily discounted the apprehension that such language courses might cause mental strain to students. It should be the task of educationists to present a plan of school education which should be least burdensome to students. Stressing the utility of English, he thought that it should be taken up in the higher stages. English has to be dispensed with as a medium of instruction, but it has to be retained as a language particularly in view of the inter-national character acquired by it. We should like to know how the Government of Bombay proposes to integrate English in the new curriculum of school-education.

The Dutch Responsibility

The joint statement on the subject of West Java disturbances, issued by the Indonesian Premier, Dr. Mohamed Hatta and the Dutch Ambassador, Dr. H. M. Hirschfeld, will be widely welcomed. But while it may constitute an assurance of continued Indonesian-Dutch amity, the important question is whether it promises effective Dutch co-operation in suppressing the trouble started by Captain Westerling. The statement said the Hatta-Hirschfeld discussions on the West Java situation had confirmed "co-ordinated action to halt activities which might impede rapid reconstructive development". There are also references to Dr. Hatta's appreciation of Dutch co-operation and to Dr. Hirschfeld's assurance that the Netherlands-Indonesian army was taking precautions to prevent further desertions to rebel forces and also strong disciplinary action against deserters. Which is all to the good. But what prospects does that joint statement hold out for decisive influence on the situation in West Java?

Djakarta diplomatic circles, says the report, unofficially welcomed the joint statement. But they said it still left uncertain whether Netherlands troops would assist the Indonesian army in resisting another attack by Westerling's forces. The hard core of these forces is made up of Dutch soldiers and Indonesian soldiers from what was formerly the Netherlands-Indonesian army. Without them the Darul Islam rabble, whatever its numerical strength may be, could not have made any considerable military impression on the situation in West Java. They may technically be "deserters". But they are Dutch soldiers and those Indonesian soldiers who were in the employ of Dutch Imperialism and part of the Dutch army in Indonesia. The trouble started by and through them and assuming such serious proportions only because of them becomes quite obviously a responsibility of the Dutch authorities. That is to say, it is an inescapable obligation on their part to help in suppressing them. "The Indonesian Government", the joint statement rightly declares, "is determined not to tolerate any disturbance of the peace, irrespective of the source from which the disturbance emanates" That disturbance will, we are sure, be put down eventually. What remains to be seen is whether Dutch authorities and the Dutch army actively co-operate with the Indonesian Government or not. For the future of Dutch-Indonesian relations will largely depend on the policy the Dutch pursue in this matter.

Thought For The Day

Keep always with you, wherever your course may lie, the company of great thoughts, the inspiration of great ideals, the example of great achievements, the consolation of great failures.

—H. H. ASQUITH (Lord Oxford).

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Madhya Bharat

It is an irony of fate that in the first Parliament of Republic India there should be no representative of the Madhya Bharat. The history of this Union with the back-ground of group rivalries is yet fresh and the non-election of the members for the Indian Parliament is a proof positive that the leaders have not seen the wisdom to compose theirr differences. The masses are not satisfied with the administration although it has changed hands several times.

Both at the Centre and in the provinces there is talk of economy and drastic cuts to save national wealth. If one taps every department in Madhya Bharat he will hear the cry of "no funds". And yet the colossal waste of lacs of rupees over the transfer of the capital from Gwalior to Indore and vice versa is inconceivable in the present state of affairs. This shifting of capital from one place to another not only adversely affects the economy of the Union, but at the same time, is a great hindrance in smooth, quick and efficient administration. It is a mystery why the States Ministry is cold-shouldering the issue of Madhya Bharat Capital. In fact, there should be no hitch whatsoever in the decision if only the economic factor is given precedence over any other. An early decision on the permanent capital for Madhya Bharat will go a long way in desolving the existing groups, eventually for the good of the common man.

—N. R. PORE.

Gwalior.

New Ten Rupee Notes

Along with the new notes of different denominations issued by Republic of India recently Ten rupee notes are also issued to the public and they are all issued on the 26th January 1950 on which date the Republic was proclaimed. When the notes of other denominations bear the signatures of the Finance Minister Government of India or of the present Governor of the Reserve Bank of India the ten rupee notes bear the signature of Shri C. D. Deshmukh who was not the Governor or in any way connected with the Reserve Bank of India on that day and in such a case can he sign and issue such notes or are such notes valid and negotiable as these notes are supposed to promise payment of the amount on behalf of The Reserve Bank and he being not connected with the Bank on that day cannot hold himself responsible for nor can he promise payment on behalf of the Bank. Will the Government clear this point so that the public can know their exact position.

—H. L. DAWLATJADA

Bombay.

Not Convincing

Sardar Patel, in his brilliant parliamentary mannered has always outwitted the 'opposition'; but his disowning the pro-capitalist charge, with a reference to the 40 lakhs of rupees given away by the Madhya Bharat millowners to as many mill workers and keeping 17 lakhs to the equal or even less number of millowners, is far from convincing, for, inspite of such impressive feats of charity the labour continues to be poor while the industrialists add to their already ill-begotten fortunes, which proves that the millions simply pass from one profiteer to another, through the medium of labour. Shri. Khandubhai Desai, I believe, hinted at the fair and stable distribution of wealth and not to this juggiery of quick-change of hands.

—D. D. DEOLE

Poona.

Scurrilous Words!

The President of the Hindu Mahasabha had been in the City and he seems to have had a good go at the ideologies of the Congress and its leaders. Dr. Khare, not satisfied with his usual abuses, seems to have further indulged in all types of mischievous and scurrilous attacks at them.

At a meeting arranged by the local Hindu Mahasabha at Kalyan, a suburban town near Bombay, it appears Mr. Khare was present along with his full compliment, which included Mr. Keshavchandra, Babu Narendra Nath, and Prof. Ram Singh. The whole satellite, in their usual manner, levelled vehement attacks at the Congress and went to the extent of accusing the Congress as pro-Muslim. In amplification of their statement, they recalled certain events that happened of late, in Pakistan. One gets annoyed to see this whole satellite further accusing the Father of Our Nation, by calling him in all bad names. It is simply unimaginable to see that there are persons in this very country who dare to call the Father of Our Nation in a language as that. Indeed, one would not like to degrade his pen by reproducing that language! Those words only befit persons like Dr. Khare and his satellite who utter them.

Prof. Ram Singh, a member of the said satellite, further said that he would confiscate the Gandhi Fund and also made a promise, that as soon as the Hindu Mahasabha comes into power they would equitably distribute the country's wealth.

Dr. Khare crowned himself by stating that he was approached by many Congress workers for being released from jails, while he was a member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, and he had obliged them. In this characteristically perverted language, he accused Congress-leadership as lacking in purity and reality. He further said that freedom was not won by Congress but by the sacrifices of the 'sabhites'. This is a well manufactured lie by which no Indian would ever allow himself to be guided. Childishly enough, Dr. Khare mentioned Congress leaders as "goat and sheep in the herd of Mahatma Gandhi."

This whole affair makes a very sorry reading, particularly to see these people who have no latitude in the political life of this country, indulging in such mischievous and scurrilous attacks at them.

of criticism. One is particularly grieved to note that one of the speakers further said that the end that the Mahatma met was just what he deserved. I personally feel that this talk is not only anti-national but should be sufficient enough to bring such persons under the clutches of law. Criticism, no doubt, has its role in a democratic country, but let Dr Khare and his satellite understand that criticism does not mean vile abuses and perverted language. Dr. Khare appears to be getting insane. True, political frustration has made him so. But failure in one's life should not drive him to such low depths. I would advise him to reform himself before rising to reform others. There is a saying in Gita which means "before you set a country to reform, you must set yourself to reform". The Hindu Mahasabha will do well to bear it in mind that they should try to reform themselves to the level of a constitutional opposition, by getting rid of perverted mentality and perverted leadership of insanes like Dr. Khare. The Party will have its role under the Republican Constitution if they care to follow clean and pure methods.

—A CITIZEN

3-2-1950.

Rajasthan Railway

Rajasthan Railway Udaipur has become the centre place in the History of Corruption and Nepotism. High Authorities of the Railway, at Udaipur are the main string. Independent existence of the Railway at present and fast approaching day of merger of this Railway with other Indian Railways has roused a feeling among the officials that it is the only time to derive whatever gain possible from the post they hold. Very recently these authorities granted a contract for ballast to one of their favourites. Noteworthy that all the tender called for in this connection were rejected, though they were of a comparatively low rate than the rates submitted by the "favourite."

This is not the only instance where these authorities have been seen working with the contractor hand in gloves. They placed another order for wooden slippers with one of their favourites. Neglecting the fact that there were already thirty thousand slippers in stock. The new supply was accepted at a price usually higher than the control rate of the slippers. By utilising their own authorities and privileges got the bill of this new supply paid. Rupees one and annas four were paid above the control rate per slippers.

There are persons who are opposed to such tactics of the General Manager but they are mute. Those who come in light and become rebellious are purged. Anti-Corruption department has enquired in the matter but it is whispered that the matter is not to be dealt with seriously and is being hushed up.

—RAMESH CHANDRA SHASTRI.
Purani Mandi, Ajmer

ASK PAKISTAN TO COMPENSATE

Sabha On Khulna Atrocities

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5 (PTI)—The Working Committee of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha today urged the Government of India to suspend discussions on all matters with the Pakistan Government "until and unless the Khulna situation is settled to our full satisfaction."

The Committee, in a resolution adopted tonight, expressed the opinion that "tangible steps should be taken by the Government of India to make known to the Pakistan Government the folly of brutalities recently perpetrated on the Hindus of Khulna District." It suggested that the Indian Deputy High Commissioner in Dacca should be recalled and the Pakistan Deputy High Commissioner in India should be asked to go back to Pakistan and adequate compensation should be demanded from Pakistan Government for payment to the Khulna sufferers who had come to West Bengal as refugees.

The Committee added that it had in its possession evidences of "complete devastation of a large number of villages in Khulna District causing loss of many lives and properties worth over Rs. one crore as a result of which about 15,000 sufferers have already crossed into border towns of West Bengal as refugees."

CENTRE'S GRANT TO ASSAM

Development Of Tribal Areas

GAUHATI, Feb. 5. (PTI): The Government of India have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 3 lakhs for road development in the tribal areas of Assam for the current year.

This allotment is understood to be preliminary step in the implementation of the sixth schedule of the Constitution under which the Central Government are to make special grants for the development of the Scheduled Tribes.

Sabha Worker Externed

BERHAMPORE (West Bengal), Feb. 5, (PTI): Mr. Janendra Lahiri, a prominent member of the Murshidabad District Hindu Mahasabha, has been externed from Murshidabad by the District Magistrate for "subversive and antistate activities" for six months.

Mr. Lahiri left Berhampore within 48 hours of the receipt of the externment order.

Rs. 40-Lakh Plan For Kumbh Mela

NEW DELHI, February 5 (PTI).

BUILDING of fifteen new bridges across the Ganges and the laying of a million-feet electric and wireless cables are understood to be a part of a rupees forty-lakh plan "to bring, feed and house" 150,000 pilgrims at Hardwar—the venue of the Kumbh Mela beginning in the middle of March this year.

Occurring after every twelve years to coincide with the entry of the planet Jupiter into the zodiacal sign of Aquarius, the Kumbh Mela is one of world's biggest religious fairs. Its attendance coupled with a bath in the sacred Ganges is regarded by the Hindus all over India as an act of great religious merit.

An otherwise quiet place and a favourite resort of the Rishis since vedic times, Hardwar today is the scene of intense activity by engineers, architects, armymen, railway and police officials.

Previously managed by the local authorities, the administration of the Mela has been taken over this year by the U. P. Government. For a more effective control and efficient management, the Uttar Pradesh Melas Act 1938 has been promulgated. All possible measures are being taken to guard against fire or epidemics which took a heavy toll of life on many similar occasions.

The U. P. Government is understood to have earmarked a sum of Rupees twenty-six lakhs for purposes of the mela. The railway authorities are spending another twelve to thirteen lakhs on works to be constructed mainly for providing "quick and convenient" travel to the pilgrims from various parts of the country.

The Mela which will last for one month is expected to be formally inaugurated by a Minister of the Indian Cabinet.

DIVISIONS

Mr. C. M. Nigam, Officer-in-Charge of the Mela told the P.T.I. correspondent who visited Hardwar that the Mela area which extended over twenty square miles had been divided into seven zones. Each zone would be in the nature of a miniature district with its own police force, hospitals, ration shops, telephone booths and post and telegraph offices.

The zones would be connected by telephone and wireless to the Central Control Station of the Mela which will have representative of each Government department present day and night.

To preserve law and order, each zone will be in charge of a magistrate and a deputy superintendent of police. Military will stand by to meet any emergency.

Eight lakhs of rupees are being spent on medical and sanitary aspects of the plan. Extensive arrangements to spray D.D.T. on all possible sources of infection and open anti-cholera vaccination centres have been made. Latrines with 40,000 seats are being put up. Six miles of barbed wire are being fixed all round the area to prevent people from dirtying the surrounding hills and thus causing infection.

The Government have decided to do away with rationing for the period of the Mela. Every pilgrim is allowed to bring one week's ration from the rationed areas and import any amount of food grains from the non-rationed areas.

The Government are making elaborate arrangement to store foodgrains in specially erected godowns in sufficient quantities "to feed the pilgrims cheaply and prevent exploitation by anti-social elements."

Fifteen thousand galvanised corrugated tin sheets have been brought for the construction of shops, kitchens, and offices, thus reducing the use of wood or bamboos to the minimum to avoid any risk of fires.

SHOPS

About ten thousand shops with residential accommodation are being set up and will be rented at modrate rates. The Government have also arranged to build tin huts with electric lights in the centrad area of the Mela. Twenty-five per cent of the accommodation has been reserved for provinces other than U.P., Delhi and the Punjab. These huts will be made available for the whole season and can be occupied from the first week of March to May 6, 1950.

Cinema houses and amusement parks are among the amenities to be provided to the pilgrims. Telephone and telegraph facilities as also two teleprinter lines are being arranged.

Mr. Nigam said the services of the army had been requisitioned for erecting bridges, putting up huts and shops and laying out electric and wireless cables.

Besides electrified publicity boards along the banks of the Ganges, a flood-lit portrait of Mahatma Gandhi in a central place in the Mela will add colour and dignity".

SPECIAL TRAINS

The arrangements on the railway side are being directed by Mr. R. B. Lal, Divisional Superintendent, Moradabad. He is assisted by the Special Mela Officer Mr. T. N. Dar.

Mr. Lal said the railway proposed to run 47 special trains every day during the course of the Mela. It was expected that nearly 700,000 of the pilgrims would travel by train.

Five additional platforms with all essential amenities are being provided at Hardwar station to cope with the traffic. Nearly half a dozen new stations are being created on different routes to Hadrwar to avoid delays and hold-ups.

A control tower fitted with loud speakers is being erected to give information about the railway arrangements.

Steps are being taken to look after missing children in the station area with the help of volunteer organisations. Missing children are proposed to be lodged in a special hut and their particulars announced from the control tower.

Forty booking windows are being made available at the main station. Sixteen special trains are to be run each day from Hardwar to Rishikesh—one end of the Mela area. This will enable the railway to carry twenty thousand passengers daily in each direction.

Scholarships To Foreign Students

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (PTI)—The Government of India's scheme of awarding scholarships to Indian and Indigenous students in certain Asian and African countries, for studies in India, inaugurated last year, will be continued in 1950.

An External Affairs Ministry press note today said that the Government propose to award 70 scholarships more this year each valued at Rs. 200 per month at an annual recurring cost of Rs. 3 lakhs and include two more countries, Nigeria and Surinam (Dutch Guiana) in the scheme.

Stop Press

NATIONALIST LOSSES

HONG KONG, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Peking Radio said tonight that Chinese Nationalist losses in the past three and a half years of civil war totalled 7,445,621 men, of whom more than 1,700,000 were lost in the latter half of last year. Communists now controlled 8,474,500 square kilometres of China with a total population of 460,530,000 the radio added.

TECHNICIANS THREATEN

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.): The Textile Technicians' Association resolved today to go on strike if their demand for increased wages is not referred to adjudication by the Government of Bombay.

Their negotiations with the Millowners Association for a settlement had failed.

TWO MORE ARRESTS

SURAT, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.): Two more persons were arrested today in Billimora in connection with Friday's demonstration in the Gaekwad Mill area, according to a message received here. One more person was taken into custody. This brings the number of arrests since Friday night to 15 while three persons in all have been taken into custody.

VICAR ARRESTED

BELGRADE, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Victor of the Catholic Bishopric of Belgrade has been arrested and charged with selling dollars on the black-market and hiding people wanted by the authorities, the Communist newspaper "Borba" said here today.

6 KILLED IN ACCIDENT

MELBOURNE, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Six people were killed and 23 injured when a van carrying 42 men, women and children home from picnic skidded on a lonely country road, crashed down a shallow embankment and struck a tree near Broadford, about 50 miles from here, late tonight.

Many women and children were among the injured.

LEAVING GREECE

SALONIKA, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Last British troops to leave Greece, members of the British Headquarters Staff and the British Military Mission with their wives—160 people in all are due to embark at the Pireaus tomorrow.

PAKISTAN WITHDRAWS

(Continued from Page 1)

So long as the discrimination and disabilities against which the protest was directed remain, there can be no justification, in the opinion of the Government of India, for removing the present trade restriction and the Government of India do not intend to remove them.

INDIA'S REGRET

The spirit of conciliation to which the Government of Pakistan refer has, to the extent that this is possible, been demonstrated by the Government of India in their correspondence with the Government of the Union relative to the discussions that are to open in Cape Town.

It is a matter for profound regret to the Government of India that in the treatment of a problem which affects equally the interest, the rights and the honour of Pakistanis and Indians, the Government of Pakistan should have decided to abandon the unity of understanding and approach which the matter requires.

FROM PAKISTAN GOVERNMENT (FEBRUARY 5):

The Government of Pakistan deeply regret that the Government of India have not seen their way to withdraw ban on trade with South Africa which was suggested by the Government of Pakistan. They believe that spirit of conciliation shown by Pakistan would go a long way towards securing a lasting settlement with South Africa which would satisfy honour of Pakistanis and Indians domiciled in that country and ensure for them civic, political and economic rights.

The Government of Pakistan wishes to reiterate that they still adhere to these objectives. They are convinced that the attitude adopted by them in this matter should materially assist in the achievement of those objectives. They are therefore profoundly sorry that it has not been possible for the Government of India to do the same.

RED COUP TO TAKE BERLIN?

West German Fears

BONN, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—West German Social Democrat leader, Kurt Schumaher, said today that the western powers should place tanks at the western sector approaches in Berlin to prevent communists occupying the entire city during a planned Whit Sun rally.

He said 600,000 Soviet zone German Youth Federation Members planned a march on Berlin with the ostensible object of staging a gigantic demonstration in favour of the Communist demands for a United Germany and withdrawal of all occupation forces.

Unless the western powers took the 'precaution" he sugested, it would be tantamount to their giving up Berlin.

U. P. REBELS APPEAL TO PATTABHI

Order To Resign From Assembly

LUCKNOW, Feb. 5 (U.P.I.): It is understood that Shri Triloki Singh and Shri Radhey Shyam have made an appeal to the Congress President against the order of the Council of the Provincial Congress Committee asking them to resign from the membership of the Assembly.

Shri Triloki Singh, it is further understood, has appealed against the order suspending him from the membership of all Congress Committees subordinate to the Provincial Congress Committee. In spite of the order of the Council he continues to be a member of the A.I.C.C.

It was stated in some authoritative quarters here today that Premier Pant has asked Shri Triloki Singh to submit documentary evidence in support of his allegations relating to corruption, etc., against certain members of the Government.

INDIA'S SERVICES OFFICERS TAKE OATH

LONDON, Feb. 4 (PTI-Reuter): Over hundred officers of India's Army, Air Forc and Navy took the new oath of allegiance to the Constitution of India at India House today before the Indian High Commissioner, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon.

It was a ceremony impressive in its dignified simplicity. Brigadier Harnarain Singh (Military Attache) Commander Samson (Naval Attache) and Group Captain Shivdev Singh (Air Attache) led the respective units in taking the oath, and then each officer handed in his signed oath to the High Commissioner.

In an address afterwards, Mr. Menon reminded the officers of their "vast and glorious" tradition.

Mr. Menon said: "The people of India should look upon you as the defenders of our freedom—citizens in uniform who will uphold the honour of India wherever you may be."

MARTIAL LAW ENDS IN EGYPT

Censorship To Stay

CAIRO, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—The Egyptian Government today decided to end martial law, introduced in May 1948 on the eve of the outbreak of hostilities in Palestine.

The Cabinet will retain censorship of mails and cables going abroad, pending settlement of the Palestine question.

The Cabinet also decided to maintain prize courts and the inspection of ships and planes touching Egyptian territory, to prevent war material from reaching Israel.

The Government will continue to outlaw the Muslim Brotherhood, banned in November, 1948 following charges that it planned a "March on Cairo" to seize power.

Martial law was originally introduced for one year but was extended for a further year on the ground of maintaining internal security.

The Cabiet which took today's decisions was formed by Nahas Pasha less than a month ago, following the overwhelming victory of his Nationalistic Wafdist Party in general elections.

BARDOLOI WARNS IMMIGRANTS

Action Will Be Taken Against Encroachments

GAUHATI, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.): Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, Chief Minister of Assam, addressing today a big gathering at Goreswar, a tribal area, 28 miles from Gauhati, warned immigrants, who acted directly or indirectly against the country's interests, that they would be considered as "undesirables" and action would be taken accordingly.

Mr. Bardoloi gave this warning when he was told by some members of the public that a section of immigrants, in their anxiety to harbour new immigrants, encroached into the tribal belts and also into grazing reserves.

The Chief Minister said: "Our new Constitution has guaranteed justice, equality and freedom to all loyal citizens. The Government of Assam also have been treating the immigrants, who had come to Assam before 1938, without any discrimination in respect of land settlement. But I would emphasise that under no circumstances these immigrants should encourage influx of unauthorised immigrants. That will not be tolerated."

Mr. Bardoloi said that the need of the hour was absolute unity and those who tried to spread separatism constituted a menace to society.

Saugor Butchers Not To Kill Cows

SAUGOR, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.): The Muslim butchers of Saugor have decided not to kill cows or sell beef.

This decision was taken by them after a quarrel which took place here on Monday last over the slaughter of a cow. Two persons died as a result of the quarrel.

Not Individual Gain, But Uplift Of The Masses

OUR OBLIGATIONS TO THE FUTURE GENERATIONS

(Continued from Page 1)

the full right to decide their own destiny and it was upto them to make or mar it. In the Constitution crores of people had been given adult franchise.

Every man and women, rich or poor, above the age of 21 had a right to vote. It was a sacred right which the people had to exercise in a truthful and far-sighted manner. It also involved a big responsibility on the candidates who stood for election.

They had to prove that they were worthy of becoming the country's true representatives. Only those persons could serve the people who put service above self and worked for this ideal in a missionary zeal. It was the duty of the people, therefore, to have this ideal before them while choosing their future representatives.

A NEW ERA

Future generations, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said, would judge them by their present deeds. If they did not rise to the occasion the verdict of posterity would be that they had failed miserably and lost a good opportunity. So today when they were entering a new era they should understand their responsibilities. Addressing himself to the people of Delhi, the President said that they should create an ideal of selfless service for the whole country to follow.

Referring to the advantages freedom had given them, the President said that it should be used for the benefit of the whole people and not a few. The ideal before them should be not to make the "rich richer and the poor poorer" but to uplift the masses, to fight disease, to raise the standard of living of the people, and enable them to live free from want and fear.

The nature of the task before them was clear from the fundamental rights granted in the Constitution which included the right of freedom of worship, of thought and of assembly. The directive principles also stated that the disease and poverty had to be removed.

MORE SACRIFICES

The President concluded his thirteen-minute extempore speech in Hindi with an exhortation to the people to get over their petty squabbles and live in brotherhood and amity and cooperate with each other. This was necessary today, he said, when they had taken the responsibility to end poverty and raise the standard of living of the people.

Admitting that people had sacrificed and fought selflessly the freedom's battle, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that the time had come when they had to sacrifice even more. Only through their efforts could India be uplifted and made an object of respect for other parts of the world.

Earlier Dr. Yudhvir Singh, President of the Delhi Municipal Committee, in a welcome address to the President on behalf of the citizens of Delhi, said: "Selfless services of Dr. Rajendra Prasad to the country had rightly earned for him the most covetous place in the country."

FULL CONFIDENCE

The address traced the history of Delhi and the numerous political upheavals during the last three hundred years, and recalled the day fifteen years ago when the citizens of Delhi presented to him (Dr. Rajendra Prasad) a welcome address at this very place on his election as President of the Indian National Congress. The address added: "We are overwhelmed with joy to receive you here again as the first President of the Indian Republic."

The address described Rr. Rajendra Prasad as the "principal disciple of Mahatma Gandhi" and said that the people had full confidence that the country would prosper and flourish under his guidance.

Guests at the civic reception included Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, Shrimati Vijayalakshmi, India's Ambassador to America, and several Cabinet Ministers. They sat in the Town Hall balcony under a scarlet velvet shamiana supported by gilded posts. Fancy goldlace work for which Delhi is famous, stood out both on the shamiana and the red velvet carpet that covered the raised dais.

The President and guests were later entertained to tea.

The weather had further cleared when the President returned to Government House by car.

PRESENTATION

President Rajendra Prasad was presented with an ivory statuette of Emperor Shah Jehan, founder of Old Delhi and master-builder, riding on elephant back by Dr. Yudhvir Singh, at the funcion.

The statuette, carved by Delhi's oldest and finest craftsmen, is an exquisite piece of workmanship showing every detail of the regal trapping that adorned elephants in State Drives of Mughal Emperors. The statuette depicts Shah Jehan seated in the Howdah, complete with canopy. The mahout with his traditional dagger in his right hand sits on the head of the elephant.

OUR LONDON LETTER

KILL THE BOMBS AND SAVE HUMANITY

Pethick Lawrence's Call To World Press

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, (By Mail)

"YOU are like Gods chronicling more than chroniclers. You the future of humanity. A few learnt, could wipe out the world. bombs are not used. By their pen bombs and save humanity," said rence, addressing thirty-shilling luncheon at Savoy held by Indian Journalists Association in celebration of Indian Republic Day.

the doings of the world. You are possess the power to make or mar hydrogen bombs they have just It is for the Press to see that the journalists could kill the 78-year-old. Lord Pethick Law-

Never was a finer tribute paid to those working in the Street of Ink. It is true Macaulay referred to the Press as the fourth estate of the realm.

High Commissioner of India in London described the Press as part of the Indian Constitution, though undefined and undescribed.

The Burmese Ambassador said there could be no true freedom and democracy without freedom for the Press. Toast of the press was drunk in choicest wines, "then Hail to the Press, chosen guardians of freedom Iron sword of justice, bright sunbeam of truth".

Yet the minds of many of those who paid tribute to the press were oppressed by doubts and misgiving. Will those wielding the power of Gods of making or marring the future of mankind behave like angels or devils? Will they use their pens to foment hatreds and strife or promote love and understanding?

It cannot be said that their doubts were unwarranted. Evidence is already available of the growing disease of incompetence, bias and inconsequence afflicting the Press in Britain, Europe and elsewhere. Scoop-mania, intriguing lead and predigested sensational headlines have robbed many journals of their reliability.

The resultant distortions have already done mischief. For instance, one London journal published an account of the inauguration of Indian Republic under the caption "India's pomp and riots". It is not that the subeditor was actuated by bias against India. It is his technique to give ugly headlines. But slapdash sensational journalism will not lead to world peace for which Lord Pethick Lawrence made an eloquent appeal.

High Commissioner Menon, who believes in Indo-British friendship, appealed to the British Press to show greater appreciation of India's difficulties and take more time in coming to conclusions. But it is doubtful if his appeal would be heeded. That is not because of any wicked intentions but because of inability to make the right approach and reluctance to take a detached view.

The inquisitive, minutely infamed journalist capable of writing background accounts has almost because scare. Truth and accuracy are not unoften sacrificed at the alter of national prejudice.

INDIAN PRESS

Indian press has its own weakness. But it can proudly claim that it has not entirely succumbed to sensation-mongering and can correctly assess news value of reports. As Mr. Menon said the front pages of Indian newspapers are often crammed with news from all parts of the world. That showed its wider outlook and understanding.

Lord Pethick Lawrence said when he went to India he met the editors at an off the record press conference. Many things were said but not a single editor broke the understanding to keep the proceedings private, a tribute to their sense of morality.

India has fine journalistic traditions.

Most of the newspapers were founded solely with the idea of serving the country. Mr. Menon recognised the sterling services the Indian Press had rendered in the fight for Indian freedom. If the dream of Indian Republic has come true that is in no small measure due to Indian journalists.

These traditions of service would be maintained and Indian Press could be expected to throw in its weight on the side of those who would make India a prosperous secular State. On the role the Indian Press plays in the present time of 'crisis would depend the future of India.

MAGIC WORDS

Mr. Kingsley Martin, Editor of the 'New Statesman' and 'Nation', while paying a tribute to the mastery of the English language by the Indian Press, regretted the tendency to use difficult and long words which few of the readers understood. If he were an Indian journalist he would not use long sentences. No sentence would contain more than a few words and no word more than two or three syllables.

Plain words were magic words. They alone would carry the message of the writer to the reader, walk up and down in the hearts of the readers. It might sound smart to have unusual words at one's beck and call, but unusual words were poor messengers.

AN EVENTFUL WEEK IN DELHI

(Continued from Page 4)

Air Force will receive, what may be called, their post-graduate training.

Navy's allotment is ten officers, who will be given higher education in the principles of naval profession, such as strategy and warfare. The Chief Naval Instructor, Commander Jenkins has already arrived and has assumed his duties. His Number Two Lt. Commander Davis, who is a submarine specialist, is arriving shortly.

NAVAL EXERCISES

The Naval exercises towards the end of this month, is another event of some importance. The British Naval Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies squadron is arriving in Bombay in his Flag ship. He will be joined by another ship from the East Indies squadron. The Indian Officers in the Willingston Staff College will be embarked in the Indian Naval ships to learn something of Indian Navy.

There is also a very sad event to report. I reported last week of the Naval Unit, which carried itself extremely well at the ceremonial parade on January 26. Many of these ratings had finished their training and were on their way to their homes in the Punjab. Ten of them were killed in the Sirhind train smash and two others are lying in precarious condition. The Defence Minister, Sardar Baldeo Singh has sent messages of sympathy to the bereaved families.

* *

Caste-mark will not be worn, when in uniform, it is announced here.

* *

It has been observed that thestandard of saluting is still very poor in the Indian Army and Officers and others do not adopt the correct position of attention. A special drive is being instituted to improve the standard and bring it back to the prewar level within the shortest possible time.

* *

It has been noticed that some of the photographs of distinguished personages displayed in recreation rooms, messes, etc., are of a very cheap and inferior quality. Display of such photographs is being discouraged. It has also been noticed that Officers and particularly Junior Officers are in the habit of making frivolous entries, when signing the visitors book. This practice is regarded harmful to the dignity of an officers mess and is being discouraged.

The prevailing practice of allotting family accommodation to civilians without safeguarding the interests of Army Officers is regarded "highly irregular" and orders have been issued to stop it at once.

* *

Persons entitled to third class railway accommodation proceeding on Sick Leave may be provided with Second Class special accommodation or first class accommodation on trains on which no second class accommodation is provided, when recommended by the Medical authorities, but only for the outward journey, it is announced here.

* *

It has been decided that in future no bungalow in any Cantonment will be allowed to be occupied for any purpose other than residential purposes prior to the concurrence of the Army Headquarters. Attention is particularly drawn to the Cantonment Act which prohibits the use of a residential house in a Government for purposes such as hospitals, schools, hostels, banks, hotels, shops or by a Railway Administration, Company or Firm engaged in trade or business or a Club without the previous sanction of the Area Commander.

* *

The Government has decided that the concession of house rent allowance to non-gazetted Government Servants without reference to the place of their residence shall remain in force upto December 31, 1950, unless housing conditions show an improvement in the meantime.

"As the country is committed to the policy of prohibition, the introduction of a beer ration for other ranks by the Army at this stage will not be correct." This is the opinion of the Army Commanders in India.

In persuance of this decision all units and formations have been directed to ensure that contractors did not purchase indigenous beer direct from the breweries on the plea that it was required for the Army and actually sell it for civilian consumption.

* *

The periodical Army Commanders Conference will be held in New Delhi from February 20 to 23.

ARREST IN EAST PAKISTAN

MUNSHIGANJ (East Pakistan) Feb. 5 (UPI)—Shri Paresh Chandra Chatterjee, a resident of the village of Panchgaon and an Indian Railway employee was arrested by the police at Munshiganj under the Pakistan Security Ordinance. His bail petition was rejected and he was remanded to custody.

People IN THE NEWS

MRS. KRIPALANI FOR AKOLA

(From Our Correspondent)

AKOLA, Feb. 4: Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani, it is learnt, will come here from Delhi on February 12, to preside over the function to commemorate the day at Gandhigram, twelve miles away from here, where Mahatmaji's ashes were immersed in the Purna river, two years ago on the same day.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

Bombay, Feb. 5.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. V. S. Adurkar.

Rani Maharaj Singh received Mr. Farrok Mulla. Miss Mary J. Campbell came to lunch.

WHEAT RESISTANT TO RUST

New Variety Evolved

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5. (PTI): The Indian Agricultural Research Institute at New Delhi has evolved new varieties of wheat, resistant to rust which is responsible for a considerable loss in the yield, it is learnt.

Four such varieties resistant to brown or yellow rus; are known to be undergoing trials in the Provinces.

No wheat highly resistant to black rust has yet been evolved by the institute for profitable cultivation although some of the varieties showed tolerance to black rust attack when an epidemic occurred in Central India during 1946-47.

At the Simla Sub-Station of the Institute work is now being done to evolve varieties resistant to all the three rusts.

BIDAULT MIGHT SUCCEED

French Cabinet Crisis

PARIS, Feb. 5. (PTI-Reuter): Prime Minister Georges Bidault today had a 90-minute discussion with M. Henri Queuille, former radical premier, on the formation of his new Centre-Right Government following yesterday's resignation of five Socialist Ministers. Mr. Queuille afterwards told reporters he was "convinced" Bidault would succeed. Radical support is indispensable to the proposed centre-right combination which will face the test of a vote of confidence in the National Assembly on Tuesday.

NO REASON FOR MILLS TO CLOSE DOWN

Cotton From Madhya Bharat

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 5, (PTI): Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, Government of Bombay, said in an interview here today that with the removal of restrictions on the movement of cotton from Madhya Bharat textile mills now had no reason to close down.

Several textile mills were to close down on account of shortage of cotton.

Sir S. Radhakrishnan In London

LONDON, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, Indian Ambassador to Moscow arrived today at Northholt airport, London, from Moscow. While in England he will visit Oxford University.

Syria-Arabia Trade Pact

DAMASCUS, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—Syria signed a commercial agreement with Saudi Arabia, it was officially announced today. The agreement, first of its kind between Syria and another state, will last one year and be renewed automatically unless either party notifies to the contrary.

Jayaprakash On His Visit To China

PATNA, Feb. 5 (PTI)—Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, the Socialist leader propose to visit China in the near future.

He told the PTI today: "I am contemplating a visit to China, but I am afraid it would be some time before I can leave. I am anxious to go because I want to study what is being done in China and also to establish contact with the new rulers of China".

R

FOR UNAUTHORISED possession of ration cards, ABDUL HASSAM ALIBHAI was convicted and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

For supplying bread illegally, MOHIDDIN SIDIK MAULABUX was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

For supplying rationed articles illegally, NARBHIRAM BECHALAL was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

UDAY MERCHANT AND UMRIGAR SCORE CENTURIES

Bombay 250 For 6 Wkts. Against Tourists

BOMBAY, February 5 (P.T.I.).

A brilliant fourth-wicket partnership between Uday Merchant and Polly Umrigar which put on 225 runs in as many minutes enabled the Bombay Cricket Association to score 259 for the loss of five wickets on the second day of their three-day match against the Commonwealth cricket team whose skipper declared his side's innings closed at the overnight total of 403 for nine.

The home team lost two wickets in Harry Lambert's first over without a single run on the board and D. Fitzmaurice, the other new bowler, had the Bombay skipper, K. C. Ibrahim, declared leg before when the total was only eight.

But these were the visitors' only successes until tea, for Uday Merchant and Polly Umrigar after a quiet spell of cricket added 86 runs in 99 minutes before lunch and 138 in 120 minutes between lunch and tea.

Umrigar was the first to reach his 50 but by powerful pulls and drives Uday Merchant soon caught up with him and beat the former in the race for the century.

In the first over after tea, George Tribe completely beat and bowled Umrigar for a chanceless 117 which included eight fours. Four runs later Uday Merchant also retired hurt. M. M. Dalvi and G. S. Ramchand played cautiously for 45 minutes but with the first ball of the last over before stumps Livingston cleanbowled Ramchand, stumps being drawn at the fall of this wicket.

About 1,000 saw the Bombay Eleven make a disastrous start, losing two wickets without a single run on the board. After rightarm medium D. Fitzmaurice from the Churchgate end had bowled a maiden to K. C. Ibrahim, leftarm medium Harry Lambert sent C. T. Patankar's off stump flying with his first ball, (0-1-0). S. D. Telang played one ball, but off the next Lambert uprooted his leg stump, (0/2/0).

Uday Merchant joined Ibrahim and drove Lambert for two. Ibrahim latecut Fitzmaurice for the first four of the innings. But in his next over Fitzmaurice had the Bombay captain declared leg before P. R. Umrigar joined Uday Merchant and drove the second ball he received for four.

At 24 leftarm Frank Worrell relieved Lambert at the Club end and eight runs later rightarm George Pope took over from Fitzmaurice at the Churchgate end. Umrigar drove Pope's first ball for a four and the fourth for two runs.

At 41, scored in the first hour, leftarm George Tribe relieved Worrell at the Club end and the latter took over from Pope at the other end. A no ball by Worrell sent up 50 of the innings in 65 minutes. Uday Merchant pulled Tribe for a four.

Worrell bowled only one over from the Club end, Ray Smith taking over at 57 with wicket partnership in as many minutes. Merchant pulled Tribe for four, and hooked Smith to the boundary.

At 90, Worrell relieved Smith at the Churchgate end and when lunch was taken the Bombay Eleven had made 94 for the loss of three wickets, Umrigar batting 46 and Uday Merchant batting 40.

Tribe resumed the attack from the Club end to Umrigar who took a single off his third ball. Worrell continued at the Churchgate end and with a single in the bowlers second over Umrigar reached his fifty in 109 minutes including two fours. Hooking Tribe for two, Umrigar sent up 100 of the innings in 132 minutes.

At 102 rightarm medium Bill Alley relieved Tribe at the Club end and Merchant pulled him for four. With a single off Worrell Umrigar registered 100 of the partnership in 121 minutes. After Merchant had taken a single, Umrigar hooked Worrell for four and in his next over drove him through the covers for four.

Uday Merchant pulled Alley for four to reach his fifty including five fours made in 141 minutes, Uday glanced and drove Alley for fours in the same over. Livingston himself went on in place of Worrell at the Club end at 142.

With two drive fours off Alley, Uday sent up 150 of the innings in 162 minutes. Umrigar hooked Livingston for four. At 157 Smith for fours in one over but the Commonwealth skippers' next over was a maiden. Tribe relieved his skipper at 175.

After obtaining his fifty Uday caught up with Umrigar and with a drive for four off Smith he became ninety-one to Umrigar's ninety-four and with a snicked, lucky four off Tribe and a pull for two Uday passed Umrigar's score. This stroke sent up two hundred of the innings in 201 minutes.

The new ball was taken immediately at 202 by Lambert from the Club end. Hooking Lambert's first ball for three Uday reached his century in 195 minutes including twelve fours. Fitzmaurice was the other new ball bowler.

With a four high over slips heads off Fitzmaurice, Umrigar reached his century, and made the fourth wicket partnership worth 200 both in 198 minutes. His 100 included eight fours.

Worrell relieved Lambert at 221. Umrigar drove and hooked Fitzmaurice for fours in one over and when tea was taken the Bombay Eleven had made 232 for three wickets, Umrigar batting 117 and Uday Batting 106.

Tribe from the Club end opened the attack after tea and completely beat and bowled Umrigar with his fourth ball (233/4/117). During his 225 minutes stay Umrigar hit ten fours and helped Uday add 225 in as many minutes for the fourth wicket.

M. M. Dalvi drove the first ball he received through the covers for four. Worrell came on from the Churchgate end and bowled a maiden to Uday, who retired hurt at 237.

G. S. Ramchand joined Dalvi and latecut Worrell for two. But thereafter five maidens, three by Worrell and two by Tribe, followed in quick succession.

At 248 Fitzmaurice relieved Worrell at the Churchgate end. With a drive for two off the medium-pacer Ramchand sent up 250 of the innings in 284 minutes.

Leftarm slow Langdon took over from Tribe at 255 and Dalvi squarecut his first ball for four. Livingston went on in place of Fitzmaurice at 259 and clean bowled Ramchand with his first ball, (259-5-11). Stumps were drawn at the fall of this wicket, Dalvi being unbeaten with 16.

SCORE BOARD

COMMONWEALTH (1st Innings) for 9 wkts. declared 403

BOMBAY (1st Innings)

K. C. Ibrahim l.b.w. Fitzmaurice	5
C. T. Patankar b Lambert	0
S. D. Telang b Lambert	0
Uday Merchant retired hurt	107
P. R. Umrigar b Tribe	117
M. M. Dalvi batting	15
G. S. Ramchand b Livingston	11
V. L. Manjrekar, V. R. Amladi, S. P. Gupte and G. Guard to bat	
Extras (Legbyes 2, No Ball 1, Wide Ball 1)	4
Total (for 5 wkts.)	259

Wickets Fell: 1/0; 2/0; 3/8: 4/233; 5/259.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: D. Fitzmaurice 14-3-43-1; H. Lambert 8-1-17-2; F. Worrell 21-5-42-0; G. Pope 2-0-7-0; G. Tribe 28-5-63-1; Ray Smith 13-2-34-0; W. Alley 5-1-31-0; Livingston 4.1-1-14-1; W. Langdon 1-0-4-0.

MRS. GAZDAR EXTENDS MRS. STEWART

Mrs. Vinter's Plucky Fight In P.V.M. Tennis

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In a long-drawn out match played this evening in the quarter final of the singles event in the P.V. M. Women's Open Tennis Tournament, Mrs. Betty Stewart from the Bombay Gymkhana succeeded in beating Mrs. Ruby Gazdar in three well contested sets. Both players were seen to put in all they knew to get the better of the other, and many good rallies were witnessed.

Mrs. Stewart now meets Miss Khanna in the semifinal.

Miss Khanna, India's number two woman tennis player, won her quarter-final round in two straight sets from Mrs. Vinter, but not with the ease that the scores indicated. Mrs. Vinter fought back very bravely each and every point, and time and again made good returns from almost impossible positions mainly due to her ability to cover the court quickly. Her's was a plucky display in face of overwhelming odds.

The following were the results:—

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Quarterfinals: Miss Khanna beat Mrs. Vinter, 6-2, 6-2; Miss Woodbridge beat Mrs. Wilson 6-3, 6-1, Miss L. Merchant beat Mrs. M. Bharucha, 6-1, 6-0, Mrs. B. Stewart beat Mrs. R. Gazdar, 6-4, 3-6, 6-1.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

Mrs. Vinter and Mrs. Oxtoby beat Mrs. Wells and Mrs. Wilkie, 6-0, 4-6 6-3, Miss Merchant and Miss Woodbridge beat Mrs. Leela Uttamsingh and Miss R. Damri, 6-1, 6-2, Miss Khanna and Mrs. Kania vs Miss Kundaji and Miss S. M. Bhat, 6-3, (unfinished), Mrs. B. Stewart and Mrs. Cuthbertson vs Mrs. Vinter and Mrs. Oxtoby 4-4 (unfinished). This match will be continued tomorrow morning.

Fixtures for Monday.

Court No. 7: at 4-30 p.m. Miss Khanna and Mrs. Kania vs Miss Kundaji and Miss Bhat, followed by Miss Merchant vs Miss Woodbridge, Miss Khanna vs Mrs. Stewart.

Court No. 8 Mrs. R. Gazdar and Partner vs Mrs. Bhavnani and Mrs. Madhok.

Philippines Lawn Tennis Championships

MANILA, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mrs. Weiss, Argentina, and Mrs. Moldero, Philippines, today won the ladies doubles title in the Philippine Lawn Tennis Championships here.

Mrs. Weiss and Mrs. Moldero beat Miss Ampon and Miss Manalac, Philippines, 6-0, 6-1, in the final.

In the men's double final F. Ampon and C. Carmona beat R. Deyro and Sanchez, all Philippines, 6-4, 6-3, 6-3.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Cooperage

4-10 p.m. BPT 'B' vs Indian Naval Civilians S.C. (Jepsen Cup).

5-10 p.m. Globe S.C. vs Panchgani P.H.O.B. (Jepson Cup).

TENNIS

Hindu Gymkhana

3-30 p.m. Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tournament. .....

Bombay Gymkhana

4-30 p.m. PVM. Open Women's Tournament.

CRICKET

Brabourne Stadium

10-45 a.m. Commonwealth Eleven vs. Bombay Cricket Association XI (Last Day).

INTER-INSURANCE CRICKET

Centuries By Shetty And Shrikhande

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An excellent allround performance by S. L. Jai, the son of the former Indian Test player, enabled the Sentinel Assurance Co. team to record an outright victory over their opponents from the Newcord Insurance Co. in the Inter-Insurance Cricket Tournament, which commenced yesterday.

In addition to scoring useful contributions in both the innings, young Jai was responsible for capturing four wickets in each of the innings.

In another match the Empire of India Life Insurance Co. beat the Jayabharat Insurance Co. on the first innings.

Tall scoring by the Jupiter General Insurance Co. side was the highlight of their match against the New India Life Assurance Co. team. The former declared their innings immediately after Shrinkhande had scored a century, with the score at 319 for the loss of only four wickets. Shrikhande was concerned in a big unbeaten partnership for the fourth wicket with Shetty, who also remained unbeaten with another century to his credit.

When play closed this evening, the New India side had lost seven wickets for 118 runs. The match will be continued tomorrow.

The following were the results:

Empire Of India Life Ins. Co. beat Jayabharat Ins. Co.: Jayabharat Ins. Co. 52 (Punjabi 25, R. B. Naik 10, Nunis 5 for 12, including a hattrick; Kothare 3 for 24). Empire of India Life Ins. Co. 113 for 4 (R. D. Angre 56, Oza not out 32, Punjabi 5 for 14).

Sentinel Assurance Co. beat Newcord Ins. Co.: Sentinel Assurance Co. 143 and 90 (S. L. Jai 39, Damania 6 for 27). Newcord Ins. Co. 52 (D. N. Chalmers 22, H. D. Vyas 4 for 21, S. L. Jai 4 for 14 and 137 (D. N. Chalmers 35, A. V. Remedios 34, S. K. Damania 17. H. L. Vyas 6 for 46, S. L. Jai 4 for 49).

Jupiter General Insurance Co. vs. New India Life Ins. Co.: Jupiter General Ins. 319 for 4 declared (M. S. Shetty not out 112, G. R. Shrikhande not out 101, Y. M. Mendon 40, G. R. Shroff 30). New India Assurance Co. 118 for 7 (B. S. Bhesania 29, C. N. Unwalla 26, B. V. Sirsat batting 21).

The match will be continued tomorrow (Monday) on the Cross Maidan.

MENEZES CREATES NEW RECORD

Thrilling Finish In 200 km. Cycle Race

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An exciting finish in the 200 kilometres cycle race, resulted in a spectacular victory for A. Menezes of the Swastik Cycling Club, who covered the distance in 6 hours, 22 minutes and 56.4 seconds which constitutes a new Bombay record.

Seven riders from an original entry of nine faced the starter early this morning, and among the early leaders was Avinash Desai of Baroda, who represented India in the World Cycling Championships at Copenhagen last year. Desai was unfortunate in getting a puncture in one of his wheels after he had covered well over 170 kilometres, and his hopes of succeeding died there.

K. Chindi from Poona was left far behind the rest after the first 90 kilometres, but he finished the distance.

The first 100 kilometres were travelled in 2 hours and 52 minutes, which is the fastest timing recorded for the distance. After the turning point was negotiated, the pace slackened to a great degree, as added to the strain of the out-going journey was a very strong head-wind. Machine trouble forced Empire Wheeler's P. K. Kerawalla to give up after 160 kilometres, while J. Abreo of the Swastik Cycling Club had a nasty fall in the return journey which resulted in a broken pedal, but he however carried on and soon caught up with the bunch.

The lead during the long course changed hands very often, with R. P. Elavia (Empire Wheelers), A. Menezes, Shankar Bhawoo and J. Abreo (from Swastik Cycling Club) taking the front position from time to time.

In this second annual race organised by the Swastik Cycling Club, Menezes prevailed over Elavia.

The following was the result:—

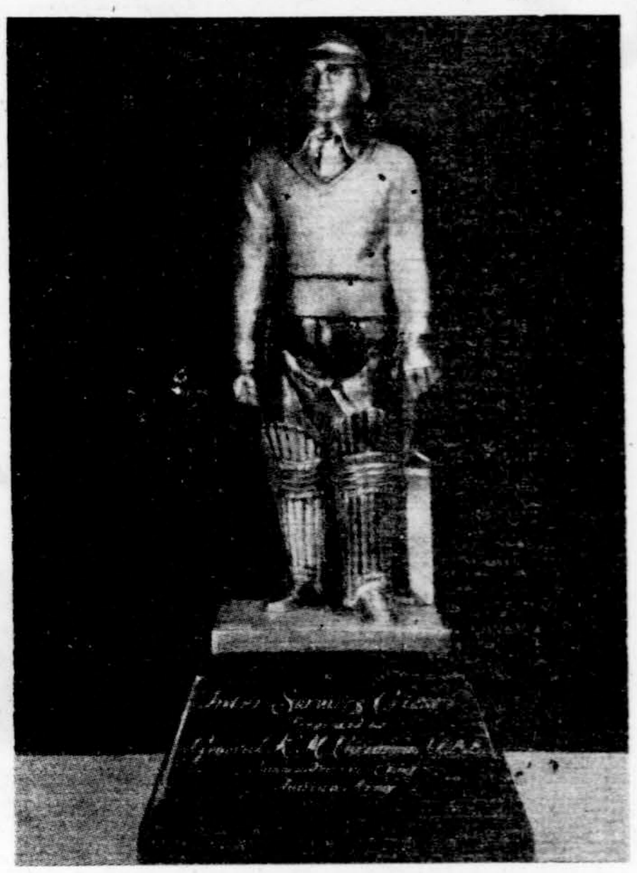
1. A. Menezes (Swastik Cycling Club.)
2. R. P. Elavia (Empire Wheelers).
3. J. Abreo (Swastik Cycling Club).
4. Shanker Bhawoo (Swastik Cycling Club).

Time: 6 hours, 22 minutes and 56.4 seconds.

Bangalore And Hyderabad In A Drawn

BANGALORE, Feb. 5 (P.T.I.): The Bangalore Football Association and Hyderabad Football Association shared two goals in an exhibition football match played here today at the Sullivan Police Grounds. Over ten thousand people saw the two teams trying to dominate the exchanges.

Services Cricket Trophy



Cricket has come to stay as a leading item in the sports programme of the Defence Services. Two great cricket enthusiasts in the Army, General K. M. Cariappa and Lt.-Gen. Maharaj Rajendrasinhji are taking keen interest in promoting this game. Under their direct patronage, the first Inter-Services Cricket Tournament is now being held in Poona. Five teams, one each from the three Army Commands, the Air Force and the Navy are taking part. General Rajendrasinhji who created a sensation recently by hitting a brilliant century for his team in the Command Tournament, is again leading the Southern Command in the Inter-Services Tournament. General Cariappa has presented an attractive trophy (pictured above) for the Inter-Services Cricket Championship. Made of silver, the trophy about 18" in height, consists of a figure of a cricketer, complete with bat, gloves, pads and cap, standing on the plinth.

U. P. LEADS BIHAR

Ranji Trophy Cricket

JAMSHEDPUR, Feb. 5 (PTI)—Resuming with their overnight total of 57 for three wickets in reply to Bihar's 207 in their first knock Tewari and Telang, the U.P. players continued to bat for twenty minutes this morning when the former was lbw. to Sutey Banerji. (62-4-21). Wahidullah, the Utter Pradesh captain, then joined Telang and they batted confidently. Wahidullah scored in singles playing cautiously and carried the total to 132 at lunch in partnership with Telang.

The Wahidullah-Telang partnership broke when Telang was caught behind the wicket, after adding 70 runs. (132-5-46). The sixth wicket fell when Ranji Sinha was bowled by Bose for nine. Om Prakash was joined by skipper Wahidullah and scored thirty runs in as may minutes. After half an hour Wahidullah was clean bowled by Bimal Bose when U.P. was 174 (174-7-33).

After Dwarkanath and Chaturvedi out at 8 and 19 respectively, the last batsman Iqbal Ahmed gave the necessary stand to Om Praksh who was however caught at square leg by Sudhir when the total was 258. Utter Pradesh thus got a lead of fiftyone runs in the first innings one hour and fiftyfive minutes before tea interval.

Bihar opened its second innings with Bejoy Sen and Bikash Bose at three in the afternoon but the former soon returned to the pavilion with only five runs on the board. Sen was bowled by Tiwari, Sujit Dey who followed Sen continued for twenty minutes before being bowled by Khanna when the total was twentyfive. (25-2-13). Rajendranath who came in after Dey was missed by Dwarkanath in the slips. With five minutes left for the day's play, Bihar lost another valuable wicket when Bikash Bose was caught by Ranji Sinha at silly midon off Dwarkanath. Bihar was still fifteen run short of U.P's. total having thirtysix runs for three wickets when scored 36 runs for three wickets when stumps were drawn.

BIHAR (1st Innings) 207

UTTER PRADESH (First Innings)

Shukla roun out	26
Balbir Khanna b Sutey Banerji	0
Sunil Banerji lbw Mimal Bose	3
Tiwari lbw Sutey Banerji	21
Telang c Rajendranath b Sanyal	46
Wahidullah b Bimal Bose	33
Ranji Sinha b Bimal Bose	9
Om Prakash c Sudhir Das b Patel	74
Dwarkanath lbw Sutey Banerpi	8
Chaturvedi c Nakhuda b Sanyal	18
Iqbal Ahmed not out	2
Extras	18
Total	258

FALL OF WICKETS—1|1, 2|15, 3|51, 4|62, 5|132, 6-|143, 7|174, 8|193, 9|239, 10|258.

BIHAR (Second Innings)

Bejoy Sen b Tewari	3
Bikash Bose c Sinha b Dwarkanath	12
Sujit Dey b Khanna	13
Rajendranath batting	7
A. Das Gupta batting	1
Extras	0
Total (for three wickets)	36

TABLE TENNIS AT BUDAPEST

Chandarana And Bhandari Lose In Quarterfinal

BUDAPEST, Feb 4 (PTI-Reuter)—Chandarana and Bhandari of India were today eliminated in the quarter-finals of the mens doubles in the World Table Tennis Championships here.

They were beaten 21-11, 21-12, 21-12, by Vana and Stipek of Czechoslovakia, after they had won their third round match against Jetval and Foris (Hungary) by 21-8, 19-21, 21-9, 17-21, 23-21.

In a third round match Sido and Gogs (Hungary) beat Schuech (Austria) and Jayant (India) 21-12, 23-21, 21-14.

Results in the quarter finals of the womens singles were: Miss G. Farkas (Hungary) beat Miss Furstova (Czechoslovakia) 21-14, 21-15, 21-3; Miss Kolosvari (Rumania) beat Miss Pritzi (Austria) 12-21, 22-20 21-15, 6-21, 16-12 (time expired); Miss Karpati (Hungary) beat Miss Bruskova (Czechoslovakia) 22-20, 19-21, 21-19, 21-18; Miss Roseanu (Rumania) beat Miss Solyjom (Hungary) 21-12, 20-12, 21-8.

Mens Doubles (Semi-final) (continued) Sido and Soos (Hungary)) beat Vana and Stipek (Czechoslovakia) 18-21, 20-22, 21-16, 22-20, 21-14.

Mixed Doubles: (Semi-final) Sido and Gizi Farkas (Hungary) beat Andreadis and Furstova 21-16, 21-23, 19-21, 21-19; Vana and Hruskova beat Stipes (Czechoslovakia) and Roseanu 21-15, 21-15, 18-21.

The finals will be held tomorrow night.

MADRAS ENGINEERS WIN FOR 5th TIME

Boys Team Boxing Tournament At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Feb. 4 (PTI)—The Madras Engineers Centre, RIE., retained the championship in the All-India Boys Team Boxing Tournament for the fifth time in succession when they defeated the Dogra Regimental Centre by sixteen points to ten points here today.

Following are the results:—

MIDGET WEIGHT: Gnape Parksam (M.E.) beat Samund Singh (D.R.)

MOSQUITO WEIGHT First String Ratnam (M.E.) beat Parshotam Singh (D.R.)

MOSQUITO WEIGHT, Second string: Relu Ram (D.R.) beat Sunder (M.E.)

FLY WEIGHT, First String: Relu Ram (D.R.) beat Sunder (M.E.)

FLY WEIGHT, Second String: Jesu Dasa (M.E.) beat Parsuram (D.R.)

FLY WEIGHT, Third String: Ranganandan (M.E.) beat Ranvije Singh (D. R.)

BANTAM WEIGHT Second String: Gandharb Singh (D.R.) beat Sivalingam (M.E.)

FEATHER WEIGHT: Perumal (M. E.) beat Bansi Ram (D.R.)

FESTIVAL HOCKEY ENDS IN A DRAW

Well-Balanced Bombay And Goa Teams Share Two Goals

BOMBAY, SUNDAY.

SCORING a belated equaliser five minutes before the final whistle the Bombay XI held Goa XI to a draw, each side having scored once in each half of play in the final of the Festival Hockey Tournament for the handsome Bhivandiwala Trophy, this evening at the Cooperage. The game will be replayed next Sunday.

The rival defences stole the honours of the game and always had the opposing sets of forwards in check. In the first half the Goans held a distinct territorial advantage and had at least three fine chances of scoring which however were thrown to the winds.

The supervision of the game by Umpires A. V. Rebeiro and Ambrose D'Souza was faulty to such an extent as to make the players loose their tempers. This was not all for the large crowd which had gathered to witness the finals were sorely disappointed with the umpiring that they booed and jeered at the Umpires.

Hardly was the game two minutes only when L. D'Costa gave the Goans the lead with a lightning shot to the roof of the net from close in which Mendonca in the Bombay goal never attempted to stop. A few minutes later Lenny D'Souza outstripped the entire Bombay defence and had a gapping goal in front of him with Mendonca out of his charge he sent the ball wide of its mark. Joe D'Mello was foiled in his bid to consolidate his sides position when Mendonca stopped his scoop into goal on his body and from the clearance F. Coutinho narrowly failed to score.

After the break the Bombay XI without Les. Woodcock took the offensive and stormed their opponents territory in a bid to secure the equaliser but the Goan defence played soundly with the enure defence pulling its weight. The Goans breaking away lost another grand chance of strengthening their position when Joe D'Mello trapped a centre by F. Coutinho in the goalmouth but he fumbled with the ball and kicked it which Umpire Ambrose failed to detect and the ball was cleared by a defender over the goal line for a long corner. Lenny D'Souza was guilty of wasting another positive setter when Mendonca rushed out to intercept him and the ball went wide of its mark.

Ivor Abraham was injured on the knee when Walter D'Souza hit into him when clearing the ball from his territory and was cautioned by Umpire Rebeiro to refrain from doing so. A few minutes later Ivor Abraham equalised for Bombay when he picked up a pass from A. Middlecoat in a apparently aff-side position and pushed the ball towards the goal from a difficult angle and Leo Pinto surprisingly allowed it to pass through his pads.

Francis Coutinho the Goan left winger was injured when Gentle hit the ball into him and though the former did his best to avoid him, he jumped high into air he was unable to move out of the way of the ball and dropped to the ground from a height writhing in pain. Umpire Ambrose never so much as administered a warning to him though the other umpire had done so in the case of Walter D'Souza.

Bombay nearly scored again when Joachim D'souza hesitated in clearing the ball and M. Gardner robbed him of the ball and nearly scored had not Leo Pinto rushed out in time and smothered his shot and the ball rolled on to Gardner's legs for the umpire to penalise him for kicks.

The teams were as follows:

GOA XI: L. Pinto, J. D'souza and Walter D'souza, H. D'souza, G. Pereira and M. Vaz, L. D'costa, J. D'mello, L. D'souza, A. Braganza and F. Coutinho.

BOMBAY XI: N. Mendonca, H. Carvalho and R.S. Gentle, C. Fernandes Amir Kumar & S. Poonawala, M. Gardner, A. Middlecoat, I. Abraham Reg. Rodgriques and L. Fernandes.

Umpires: A. V. Rebeiro and A. C. D'souza.

GREATER BOMBAY POLICE WIN

Greater Bombay Police defeated Mahim Young Boys by two goals to nil in the Jepson Cup Tournament. Both the winners goals were scored in the second half of play by Misquitta and Lazarus.

Blue Wizards claimed the third division Championship by beating the junior string of Bombay Port Trust by two goals to nil. A. Almeida and P. Menezes were responsible for the goals.

RAMADEV'S CENTURY AT BANGALORE

BANGALORE, Feb. 5, (PTI): A chanceless unbeaten century by C. J. Ramadev and good knocks by Schoolman, Kellarat and Bogot were the highlights of the two-day cricket match between the Bangalore Sub-Area and Ceylon Police. The match ended in a draw today. Kamal and V. G. Prince were the most successful bowlers.

Ceylon scored 254 runs in reply to Sub-Area's 112 in the first innings. In the second innings Sub-Area consolidated their position due to the excellent batting of C. J. Ramadev and declared their innings closed at 342 for nine wickets. Ramadev remained unbeaten with 137 runs. At close of play Ceylon Police had made 26 runs for one wicket.

Following are the principal scores:—Sub-Area (First Innings) 112, (L. T. Tandon 52, V. G. Prince 7/31), Ceylon Police (First Innings) 254: (Kellarat 55, Chokman 57, Bogot 53, Kamal 5/60 and Nagraja 3/56).

Sub-Area (Second Innings) 342 for nine declared (C. J. Ramadev 137 not out, Prince 5/51).

Ceylon Police (Second innings) 26/1 at close of play. The Ceylon Police who are here on the invitation of Madras area have now concluded their hockey, football and cricket fixtures.

Bound For Land That Brought Him Fame

MANCHESTER, Feb. 4 (PTI-Reuter)—Harold Larwood, the former Nottinghamshire and England fast bowler, is to emigrate to Australia, where his bodyline bowling caused a controversy during the Test matched series of 1932-33.

Passages have been booked for him, his wife and their children.

Larwood who was recently made an honorary life member of the M.C.C. has a sweet shop in Blackpool.

PRESIDENCY HARD COURT TENNIS

R. N. Bhagwat Beats Walton

BOMBAY, Sunday.

There were two interesting games in the Men's Singles in the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tennis Championships which are being played at the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana at Kennedy Seaface.

R. N. Bhagwat a player of note had to figlit hard for every point against R. N. Walton whom he finally beat in two straights but over the extra points at 9-7, 9-7.

Y. J. Dhruv provided another keen encounter when he faced B. M. Vakil, Vakil though he took the second set found Dhruv too good and finally gave way in the third set.

In the Men's doubles only two matches were played. The reminder of the games were a series of walk overs. The following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES

K. Seth beat M.M. Godambe 6-0, 6-1 T. Finkelkraut beat A.M. Javeri 6-1, 6-2, B.P. Kapadia w.o. G.D. Bhagat, K.V. Rai beat V.V. Prabhu 6-3, 6-4, R.N. Walton w.o. K. Watumal, J. R. Sanghani beat J.M. Javeri 6-2, 6-1, Y. J. Dhruv beat S.M. Vakil 6-2, 2-6, 6-4, A. Weiss beat A.M. Shetty 6-0, 6-1, M.M. Shinde beat C.K. Sanghani 6-3, 8-6, B.P. Kapadia w.o. G.D. Bhagat R.N. Bhagwat beat R.N. Walton 9-7, 9-7, M. Hanmanthrao beat H.J.H. Talyarkhan 6-3, 6-3.

MEN'S DOUBLES

D.P. Sampat and Chandiramani beat B. Harlalka and Kejriwalla 6-2, 6-4, V. R. Parekh and B. Vijaysingh w.o. N. More and Partner. K.C. Mashruwalla and Mirchandani w.o. J.V. Kamath and partner, R.N. Bhagwat and D.C. Kapadia w.o. G.N. Powar and Partner P.S. Jdeja and partner w.o. S. Aloor and partner P.N. Sarangpani and A. Khatau beat R. Habib and N. Meckiai 6-1, 6-2.

Brothers' Club Beat Bombay Gymkhana

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In a friendly cricket match played on the Bombay Gymkhana, the home team was beaten convincingly by the Brothers' Club. Going in to bat first the visitors hit up 237 runs for the loss of nine batsmen before declaring the innings closed. B. P. Kadam and P. B. Sowab scored 57 and 52 respectively. In reply the Bombay Gymkhana side could only collect 113 runs by the time their last man was out. P. C. R. Coates and their captain R. F. Moss tried their best to avoid the ovious defeat, and scored 41 and 34 respectively and put on 52 runs for the third wicket. Roach and Abdulla were responsible for the damage done to the home team. The former captured five wickets for 53 runs, while Abdulla got four for 32.

XIV INDIAN OLYMPIC GAMES

BRABOURNE STADIUM, BOMBAY

16TH, 11TH, 12TH FEB. 1950.

Opening ceremony by

H.E. The Governor of Bombay

Raja Maharaj Singh

on

Friday 10th Feb. at 12-15 P.M. and onwards.

Saturday 11th Feb. 8-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 1-30 P.M. to 6 P.M.

Sunday 12th Feb. 8-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 1-30 P.M. to 6 P.M.

Season Tickets Rs. 6/8/- (Parsi Gymkhana)

Season Tickets for B.P.O.A. Members Rs. 5/-

Reservations Rs. 5/4 and Rs. 2/10/-

Unreserved Seats:—Rs. 1/5/- and As. 10/6, As. 4/- and As. 2/-

Tickets are available at the Brabourne Stadium (North Opposite the Churchgate St. Post Office.

Mismanagement Of Insurance Firms

SETALVAD'S CALL FOR GOVERNMENT ACTION

BOMBAY, Sunday.

MR. J. C. SETALVAD, Chairman of the Indian Insurance Companies Association, Bombay, in a statement yesterday welcomed the Insurance Ordinance recently promulgated by the Government of India, giving effect to certain provisions of the Insurance Bill, in view of the delay in the Select Committee completing its work.

"The Government have done well in passing into law the provisions of the Bill which aims at safeguarding the interests of the common man from exploitation by designing financiers and missue of life funds belonging to policyholders at the disposal of the insurance companies" Mr. Setalvad said.

In fact, he said, the Ordinance should have been issued as far back as 1947 when the Cowasjee Jehangir Committee submitted its report, drawing the attention of the Government to the undesirable trends and features in the management of insurance companies where financies controlling the companies worked against the interests of the policy-holders.

Mr. Setalvad said that it was very necessary that the Government should act quickly and put into effective force the provisions of the ordinance under Clause eight, relating to the power of investigating into the affairs of insurance companies, and appoint an administrator where the Government found reason to believe tmat the insurer was acting in a manner prejudicial to the interests of life insurance policy-holders.

FUNDS

"It is a matter of common knowledge", Mr. Setalvad said, "that even today some of the life insurance companies are mismanaged, and the people in charge are misusing the moneys which rightly belong to the life policyholders. The Government have in their possession enough evidence regarding the mismanagement of some of the life insurance companies, and it is earnestly hoped that Government would immediately take action against these companies and thus set an example to all life insurance companies in India so that they may realise that they cannot tamper with the savings of the common man."

Mr. Setalvad said that the Clause under the ordinance, empowering the Government to ask life companies to submit a return of investments relating to controlled funds and changes therein, should also be immediately put into effective force, and a circular letter should be issued by the Department of Insurance to all insurers in India, asking them to submit to Government within seven days rsturns showing their investment position. "This is bound to have a healthy effect as it would help in checking misuse of funds by designing financiers for speculative purposes", he said.

Although the Ordinance was issued on January 19, Mr. Setalvad said, the Government had not so far taken any action and put into operation the powers taken, and the result of this would be that such an important piece of interim legislation would remain a "dead letter" and Government would be blamed for any further misuse of moneys of the policy-holders at the hands of designing financiers.

KARNATAK INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

Mr. G.L. Mehta To Inaugurate

(From Our Correspondent)

DHARWAR, Feb. 5: The fifth Karnatak Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition organised under the auspices of the Dharwar District Local Board will be inaugurated by Mr. Gagan-vihari Mehta, Chairman of the Indian Tariff Board on Sunday, February 19 at 9 a.m. here. A local committee consisting of Mr. R. S. Hukkerikar, M.L.A., Mr. S. S. Matti, Mr. Dabade and several others has been set up. Industrialists from Bombay, Poona, Madras, Bangalore, Mysore, Mangalore, Kirloskarwardi and other places have booked up the stalls.

A kisan conference and the Karnatak Printers Conference have also been organised in this connection.

The Kisan Conference will be presided over by Mr. Venkatesh Magadi, General Secretary of the Karnatak Provincial Congress and Mr. K. F. Patil, Parliamentary Secretary will inaugurate the conference.

The Printers Conference will be presided over by Mr. Hanamantrao Mohare, Editor "Samyukta Karnatak."

'Token-Strike' Call To Transport Workers

POONA, Feb. 5 (PTI): The Executive of the Socialist-led Provincial State Transport Kamgar Sabha has asked the workers in the Bombay State Transport Service to observe a 'token' strike on March 1 if the Government and the State Transport Corporation fail to meet the demands of the Union by February 28.

These demands include no retrenchment without alternate employment, no retrenchment in any case of those who were serving with private operators before and were now taken in the State Transport, and those who had served for three months or more should be considered as permanent employees of the Corporation.

Huge Fire In Cutch Mandvi

CUTCH MANDVI, Feb. 5: A huge fire broke out on Saturday evening at the matches gedown belonging to Messrs. Hargovind Company. The fire was brought under control after four hours.

The loss is estimated at Rs. 50,000.

New Ministry In Mysore

REDDY LEADS THE TEAM AGAIN

BANGALORE, Feb. 5 (PTI)—The new Ministry of the Mysore assumed office today and took the oath at the Palace before the Rajpramukh, the Maharaja of Mysore.

The Cabinet is headed by Mr. K. C. Reddy, Chief Minister who was re-elected leader of the Congress Legislature Party in the elections held in December. The other Ministers are: Messrs. T. Siddalingiah, H.C. Dasappa, K. T. Bhasyam, H. Siddayya, T. Marisappa and R. Chennagirmiah.

The previous Cabinet's resignation was earlier accepted by the Rajpramukh.

The new Cabinet is practically the old team except that it is now purely a Party Government. The three non-Congress members were dropped and Mr. T. Siddalingiah, President of the Mysore State Congress was taken in the Cabinet.

CLOSURE OF MILLS IN BARODA FEARED

Protest Against Fixation Of Ceiling Prices Of Cloth

BARODA, Feb. 5 (PTI).—The Federation of Gujerat Mills and Industries, Baroda, protested yesterday against the recent Government announcement deciding ceiling prices of cloth and yarn from February 1 and urged that "the whole position should be reviewed and the prices of cloth and yarn revised immediately on actual cotton and kapas prices."

In the course of a resolution, the Federation stated that the Government announcement "has not taken into consideration the actual price paid by mills for Indian cottons as no price control on kapas exists."

The resolution added: "The voluntary cut of four per cent in the ex-mill prices will adversely affect mills and we fear closure of certain mills resulting in loss of production and unemployment."

Sec. 144 Around Mill Premises

SECUNDERABAD, Feb. 5 (UPI): An order under Section 144 Indian Penal Code was promulgated by the City Magistrate in the vicinity of Dewan Bahadur Ramgopal Mills, last night, banning assembly of more than five persons and carrying of lethal weapons.

This order was imposed, it was stated following the labour trouble at D. B. R. mills yesterday when police had to resort to a mild lathi charge resulting a few mill workers were injured.

Orissa Economy Move

CUTTACK, Feb. 5 (UPI): The two-day conference of Ministers and Secretaries which concluded on Friday has decided to effect reduction in the expenditure on long term and unimportant development schemes as a measure of economy it is learnt.

Essential developments plans such as minor irrigation projects however are not expected to be affected by the proposed cut.

Cabinet Secretary

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5: Shri N. R. Pilai, I.C.S., has been appointed Secretary to the Cabinet and will take over charge on February 6 it was officially announced here today.

U. P. POLICE REFORMS

New Type Guns For The Force

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 4: The United Provinces Government is planning an armed police with modern type weapons and the latest type of firearm introduced in the force is the carbine machine Thompson guns popularly known as Tommy guns. Sten guns have been withdrawn and returned to the Ordnance Depot in pursuance of a decision of the Government of India, Ministry of Defence to standardise carbine machine sten for army use only.

Among other reforms introduced recently in the police administration may be mentioned gradual replacement of charpois with takhats for policemen living in lines and barracks. Hindi middle examination has been prescribed minimum educational qualification for recruitment to the Civil Police.

For armed police literacy is insisted and a man will not be classed as literate unless he can read and write Hindi in Devanagri Script. Dictation in Urdu has been abolished in the provincial qualifying examination course.

Traffic police staff in the districts are being reorganized and only tall smart well built and literate persons five feet eight inches in height will be detailed for traffic duties. A specialised course of training is proposed for the police training School, Sitapur, to develop power of observation in traffic police personnel.

It is proposed to replace the existing courtesy patrol traffic police personnel with armed policemen. The wireless telegraphy section of the police organization has been expanded considerably and every district headquarters except Rampur has now a wireless station. A proposal for establishment of a wireless station at Rampur is under consideration. A temporary wireless station has been sanctioned for Laikua in Nainital District.

Vanaspati Not To Be Banned In U. P.

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 4: The Provincial Government has turned down a resolution adopted by the Allahabad Municipal Board to the effect that import of vegetable products into the city must be stopped. The U. P. Government, it is reported is not taking a serious view about vegetable products despite the outcry against them. Failing Government's co-operation in the matter, the Health Officer, Allahabad initiated a drive against adulteration of food in the city.

Both at Benares and Allahabad beriberi is spreading like wild fire. More than fifty thousand persons are in grip of beriberi in Benares. An eye specialist who visited Allahabad recently expressed the view that Beriberi is causing great havoc in Allahabad.

Economy Drive In U. P.

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 4: Thirty-three per cent staff will have to be reduced in varicus Government departments according circulars issued by local Government to heads of Departments as a measure of their economy drive.

Reckless expenditure by Government Ministers, Parliamentary secretaries and other officials since British quitted India dried up excess money in Government treasuries and the axe is now going to fall heavily on thousands of temporary hands in Government offices and 'superannuated' servants.

U. P. Municipal Election Postponed

LUCKNOW, Feb. 5 (UPI).—Municipal elections which were scheduled to be held in April in the state of Uttar Pradesh will not be possible due to certain technical difficulties, it is understood. The Government are therefore considering a proposal to postpone them to the last week of June or the first week of July.

Plague In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 5 (PTI): Two deaths from plague were reported in Hyderabad city during the week ended January 28.

There were seventeen cases of plague under treatment at the isolation hospital during the week under review.

Ex-Ministers' Trial In Jodhpur

PRESS REPORTERS WARNED

(From A Correspondent)

JODHPUR, Feb. 4.

Five criminal cases against the Jodhpur State ex-Ministers Loknayak Jainarayan Vyas, Dwarkadas Prohit and Maturadas Mathur and their three Personal Assistants and Mohanlal Sanghi were again heard today before the special court.

Today the reply from the Chief Secretary from the Rajasthan Government received by the Special Judge was accepted by the three Personal Assistants, accused Shyankrishna, Mukundlal and Kapoorchand.

The Secretary informed that these three accused servants were getting more than hundred rupees. As such their dismissal power remained with Rajasthan Government. The Special Judge fixed February 8 for announced orders of the point of sanction.

Today before commencing the proceedings, Special Judge warned Press representatives to report the proceedings correctly. He regretted false and misleading report appearing orders of the point of sanction. daily supported by the Hindu Mahasabha. The Special Judge read a few sentences from the 'Hindu Sandesh' report and felt annoyed over such false reporting. He further said: 'I will cancel the court pass of such representatives'.

PRECAUTIONS

KARIMGANJ, (Assam), Feb. 5 (PTI).—The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Karimganj, has promulgated today an order under Section 144 Cr.P.C., on the borders from Bhanga to Lapashail, banning the movement or plying of boats in the river Kushiara from sunset to sunrise.

The step, it is stated, has been taken as a security measure following the Indo-Pakistan Disputes Tribunal's judgment on the dispute relating to the course of the Kushiara river in Assam. Pakistan made a territorial claim covering Karimganj Thana and few more villages. The Tribunal rejected the claim and ruled that the 'status quo' in accordance with the Radcliffe Award should be maintained.

COAL GESTURE

DACCA, Feb 5 (UPI): According to information available here the E. B. Railway authorities have offered some coal the joint steamer companies to m their requirements for at least weeks.

This is likely to enable the steamer companies to restore the original service of steamers in East Bengal rivers.

SPECIAL HINDI FOR PROVINCES

Dr. A. Jha's View

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 4: Speaking at the University Union, Mr. Amarnath Jha, Chairman, Public Service Commission, U. P. said, a few weeks ago when he was in France he made a wonderful discovery. He found there was no control or rationing of any kind there, while in India conditions were different.

In a free country if the Government mismanage affairs of the country it was possible for voters to turn the Government out. Dr. Jha however disapproved disruptive tactics.

Referring to railway collisions recently, he said these could not be due merely to incidental causes. A few days ago he was horrified to see dead bodies along the Railway line near Ambala.

Dr Jha said that the standard of English had gone down and that Hindi had not improved correspondingly. He did not find the present generation using Hindi correctly or improving its standard Sanskritised Hindi in his view could not be the National language of India. National Hindi should be spread in the whole country but at same time there should be a provincial form of Hindi also.

Physical Education Conference

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Feb 3.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, India's Health Minister, has accepted the invitation to preside over the second Bombay Physical Education Conference to be held here on April 15 and 16. Brisk preparations are going on for this conference. A military exhibition is to be held on the occasion, to inaugurate which an invitation has been sent to General Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief. The exhibition will be held under the guidance of the Government of India.

M. P. C. C. President In Sangli

SANGLI, Feb. 5 (UPI).—The President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. B. S. Hirey, arrived here today to preside over the South Satara Congress Youth Conference.

He was accorded an enthusiastic reception and taken in procession through the main streets of the town.

Export Advisory Body To Meet On Feb. 11

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT).

NEW DELHI, February 5.

THE next meeting of the Export Advisory Council will be held here on February 11. The meeting, inter-alia will consider the administration report of the Export control during 1949.

It is pointed out that there was a considerable all-round improvement in the efficiency of administration and at the close of the year a state was reached when one could say with some confidence that delays in disposal complaints about the inequities of the licensing system and the many other things which were a source of irritation to the export trade had become a thing of the past. This improvement was partly the result of a better organisation of work. Sanction was received for the employment of an adequate staff. The licensing work was decentralised and practically all of it was done at ports under directions issued from headquarters so that the number of visitors who used to come to Delhi to secure expeditious disposal of their case diminished. This itself gave a substantial relief to the headquarters organisation and enabled officers to deal speedily and effectively with all matters. Simultaneously with the change of emphasis which had taken place from export control to export promotion, the liberalisation of export control by allowing an increasing number of commodities to be exported without licensing formalities simplified the task of the export control considerably.

ARREARS

An idea of the improvement effected in the working of the organisation can be obtained from the following statement of arrears as they existed at the end of 1948 and that of 1949.

	Letters.		Application.	
	1948	1949	1948	1949
Headquarters office	460	25	—	—
Office of the Deputy Chief Controller of Exports, Calcutta	219	46	3061	301
Office of the Deputy Chief Controller of Exports, Bombay	84	1	10980	1217
Office of the Export Trade Controller, Madras	79	30	150	36
Office of the Export Trade Controller, Amritsar	72	6	65	—

Substantial progress was made during 1949 in liberalising and simplifying the licensing control exercised over exports. The total number of items placed on an open general licence for exports during 1949 is 56. Over 50 of these have been included in the open general licence since 1st June 1949, many of them on the recommendation of the Export Promotion Committee.

Simplification of the Export Trade Control Notification has been effected in yet another way, by centralising as far as possible the responsibility for export licensing under the Ministry of Commerce Part B of the E.T.C. Notification, which included items under the control of Ministry of food, has now vanished and many of the items which were included in Part C and were under the control of the Ministry of Industry and Supply have since been taken over by the Ministry of Commerce. The question of a further unification of control over exports is under consideration at present.

OTHER MEASURES

Other directions in which simplification of export control has been effected are summarised below:—

PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE: On account of the wide scope of the E.T.C. Notification, it often happened that passengers needed to obtain an export licence even for their personal belongings. It has now been arranged that the Export Control Organisation will not normally deal with such cases and detailed instructions have been given to the Customs staff with sufficient latitude to deal with the wide variety of commodities which may occur in a passengers' baggage list and henceforth unless a passenger is going with what might be described as merchandise, it will not be necessary for him to approach the Export Control at all and the Customs staff will deal with the matter fully and finally.

POSTAL PERMITS:—Experience had shown that it was very difficult for the officers in charge of smaller post offices to decide by reference to the E.T.C. Notification which particular commodity which was being sent by post did need an export licence and which particular commodity did not. The result was that rather than make a mistake there was a tendency to refer each person who wanted to send a postal parcel to the Export Trade Control Organisation for obtaining a licence or a certificate to the effect that no licence was required. After discussion with the Directorate General of Posts and Telegraphs a revised notification has been prepared which gives a brief and complete catalogue of items which when sent by post would need an export licence. Anything not in this notification will be allowed to go without a licence. A copy of this notification will follow.

LICENSING PROCEDURE:—The problem of dealing equitably with applicants and making a fair distribution of the available quota for export among them had been always one of the most difficult ones with which the Export Control Organisation was concerned. It has been possible now to simplify the system throughout so that exports are allowed as far as possible by parties who are in a position to effect the export and the licensing organisation has as little to do with the selection of exporters as is possible in the circumstances. It has been possible for the majority of export commodities to do away with the established shippers system. This is true of important commodities like cotton piecegoods oil and oilseeds, onions and chilies and a wide variety of other miscellaneous items. The transition has of course presented some difficulties but in course of time things should settle down to the system now being followed. The one major exception to this scheme is the export of jute goods which is being dealt with in a separate note.

London Paper's Blame On India For Devaluation

COMMENT IN CITY CIRCLES

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE "Manchester Guardian's" conclusion, that it was "the disastrous Indian run on sterling" in 1948-49 that was "the most powerful single cause of last year's devaluation crisis" in Britain is regarded in city circles in Bombay as misconceived.

Commenting on the New Delhi talks on the releases of the sterling balances the paper's financial editor wrote in the latest issue that India had made "absurdly high demands for repayment of debts" in the time of Britain's greatest difficulty, and that during July 1948-June 1949 India had withdrawn £ 210 million.

City circles pointed out, however, that the actual withdrawal was only £160 million of which £80 million really represented balances accumulated by India during 1947-48 out of her current trade. The other £50 million, which the "Manchester Guardian" mentioned as having been drawn in 1948-49, was the amount agreed for release during 1949-50 and, therefore, could not be regarded as being a burden on British production in 1948-49.

It was also significant, city circles argued that at a time when the United Kingdom was pleading inability to release these balances, she had managed to export during 1948 capital to the order of £188 million, of which nearly £120 million were exported to Australia alone. The "Manchester Guardian" was on equally slippery ground when it said that India's desire to keep within the £50 million released for the current twelve months period, represented merely "good resolutions rather than firm undertakings." In fact during the period July to December 1949, India had added about 18 million to her sterling balances instead of drawing on old balances.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Ceiling For Cloth Exports Fixed

BOMBAY, February 3.

The Patel Cotton Co Ltd. has issued the following weekly cotton market review:—

BOMBAY:—The Government textile policy, announced on February 1, stands for stimulating exports and reducing the cost to the consumer. A ceiling of 800,000,000 yards of cloth for exports has been fixed, for the year ending August 1950. A de-control of prices of cloth for exports has been announced, giving mills freedom to charge any price they please, to the foreign buyer in case of direct exports; but the local exporter has to be charged only 8 per cent above the ex-mill prices. A refund of the import duty of 2 annas a pound will also be allowed to the mills on the weight of fine and superfine textiles actually exported.

Cotton textile prices will be based on (i) the ceiling prices of Indian cotton and (ii) the actual cost of imported cotton; the higher cost of imported cotton will be met by the reduction in the excise duty of 1½ per cent in the case of fine cloth and 5 per cent in the case of superfine cloth.

GOVERNMENT IMPORTS

To ensure continued supply of medium counts yarn to the handloom industry, the Government have decided to import on their own account, during the first half of this year cotton stapling 7/8" which they will supply to spinning mills; the prices charged to the mills will be equifalent to the ceiling prices of equivalent varieties of Indian cotton.

It is understood that Government will provide further foreign exchange for import of additional quantity of cotton during the second half of 1950.

The Broach crop has started moving and price movement for kapas has been very wide during the fortnight under review. A police raid to investigate into the alleged illegal trading in Broach kapas depressed the prices in the earlier stages but as a result of finding nothing incriminating in the merchants' books prices re-bounded with a fury and touched new levels. At this stage, the Government decision to subsidise imported cotton to purely spinning mills has caused some recession.

Government had permitted exports of Bengal and Mathia upto 200 000 bales only and as applications for registration of sales have been in excess of this quantity, it has been decided that if any of the registered sales are not fulfilled, such unfulfilled balance will be re-allotted on the basis of "first come first served".

It will be interesting to note that around 120,000 bales have been exported till the end of January; recent trade treaties with Japan and Austria will cover further about 45,000 bales. With stocks at ports and in the interior estimated little more than 125,000 bales a very tight export situation has to be expected.

FOREIGN MARKETS

NEW YORK:—Prices in the New York cotton market attained new highs for the life of respective contracts on account of encouraging export prospects and persistent price fixing at a time when hedges and liquidation were comparatively small.

The New York cotton Exchange Service places stocks of cotton on December 31st, 1949 at 15,369,000 bales, 40 per cent of which are controlled by Government. It would be interesting to note that stocks on the same date in the two preceding years were 12,526,000 bales and 9,604,000 bales respectively, of which Government controlled stocks were 22 per cent and 2 per cent respectively.

The U. S office of foreign agricultural relations has increased their estimates of world cotton for the year 1950 made on 24th October, by 450,000 bales, bringing it to 30,850,000 bales.

ALEXANDRIA: — February Ashmouni contract may face a squeese as reports are that a group of prominent exporters is holding contracts for more than 850,000 cantars and transport difficulties may not make it possible for sufficient cotton to arrive in Alexandria within the due date for tenders. On account of attractive tenderable basis for Giza 30, a fair quantity is being rushed to Alexandria from the Delta.

The ability of the bull group to assimilate tenders will determine the price trend.

Foreign demand continues to be poor; enquiries for Karnak are restricted to extra grade and staple. Spain is reported to have bought some Giza 30, while activities of the British Raw Cotton Commission are very restricted. Some circles anticipate the British Raw Cotton Commission to go in for about 250,000 bales in near future.

Government holdings of Karnak have been thinned by 50,000 bales, a major part of the second instalment of 25,000 bales going to U.S.A.

Total shipments from 1st September to 26th January amount to 437,249 bales—Karnak 172,334 bales and Ashmouni 186,870 bales—which figure is 21,871 bales higher than the corresponding figure in the previous year.

KARACHI MARKET

We have received the following telegram from Karachi dated 2nd inst.:—

"Another week of record arrivals from upcountry and in spite of good support by exporters and stockists the burden of such heavy cotton movement is depressing the market, specially in view of small corresponding actual export. It is reported Hongkong buying regularly in limited quantity due to scarcity of strong space and Japan offering still be low present rates while Continent specially Spain and Germany buying only for immediate requirements. Arrivals this week 53,000, making total since 1st September 562,000 bales, sales 35 500 export 14,800, but of which 8,200 Hongkong, 2,800 Barcelona 1,400 Liverpool balance Continent, mostly Germany."

AMERICAN MARKETS

NEW YORK, Feb 4 (PTI-Reuter).

COTTON: Prices drifted narrowly in slow dealings as the trade continued to await developments. Trading was largely routine with price-fixing operations centring on nearby May and July contracts absorbing scattered liquidation and hedges. The market finally became steady on a slightly increase in trade buying and end-of-week covering. Sales were put at 20,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

March	31.53
May	31.47
July	30.80
October	28.96
Middling Spot	32.40

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	31.10
May	31.46
July	30.68
October	28.84
Middling Spot	31.30

New York Cotton March Highest 31.33 at 12-00. Lowest 31.29 at 10-00.

STOCKS: With traders keeping a close watch on labour developments in the strike-bound and strike-threatened industries, trading was limited. Price changes both ways were mainly fractional and fairly evenly divided with many group inclinations uncertain. The implied rejection by Lewis of Truman's truce proposal brought forth expectations that the President would invoke the Taft-Hartley Act to restore coal output. Weekend covering brought late hardening featuring industrials and the market finished with a predominance of gains ranging to one dollar. General Motors were in especially good request aided by bright dividend possibilities next week. The session closed firm.

CHICAGO GRAINS: Prices worked fractionally lower under scattered hedging and liquidation influenced partly by liberal receipts of maize. Exporters were credited with buying wheat and maize earlier in the session presumably against additional sales abroad but when this demand was satisfied, prices turned easier.

LONDON, Feb. 4.

London Stock Exchange closed.
London Silver and Gold also closed
Australian wheat 121-8 Jan.-Feb.
London exchanges unchanged.

SHIPPING NEWS

We give below the latest information of movements of Lloyd Triestino vessels from this Port up to the end of this month:

"Remo" due Bombay about 18th February from East Coast of India sailing 20th February for Italy via Red Sea and Mediterranean ports.

"Caboto" due Bombay 26th February from Australia sailing 26th February for Naples-Genoa.

Movement of Scindia's ships is as under:—

DUE TO ARRIVE

T.S.S. "Jal-Azad from U.K.-Continent with passengers, mails and cargo on 8th February Capt. R. R. Memery

S.S. "Star of Suez" from Genoa via Alexandria on 16th February

RESALE OF GOODS IN JAPAN

Advice To Indian Exporters

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In accordance with the S.C.A.P memorandum of Decembe 15, 1949, regarding intructions to importers in Japan, all persons and firms importing goods for resale in Japan for foreign exchange, requir. Japanese Government import licences. All importers in Japan have to apply for and receive a proper import licence prior to undertaking any financial commitment involving the importation of goods abroad for resale in Japan. Indian exporters are, therefore, advised that they should make sure that consignee in Japan hold the necessary import licence before shipping the goods. It is announced by the Deputy Chief Controller of Exports, Bombay.

RISE IN POSTAL BUSINESS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (PTI).

The annual report of the Post and Telegraph Department for the year 1948-49 just published shows a rise in the volume of business transacted by the Department and an increase in expenditure.

During this period, the post offices handled, 364 million articles, including 72.2 million registered articles, issued 44.9 million money orders of the value of Rs. 150 crores and collected Rs. thirty-four crores through V.P.P the corresponding figures for the previous year were 2.133 million articles, 67.6 million registered articles, 44.7 million money orders and Rs. thirty-one crores collected through V.P.P during the same period 27.1 million telegrams were sent and 4.4 million outgoing trunk calls put through. The number of telephones at the close of the year was 120,000.

The earnings of the Departments amounted to Rs. 29,47,67,526 while expenditure went up to Rs. 26,88,91,234, thereby showing a profit of Rs. 2,58,76,292. The net increase in expenditure which amounted to Rs. 5.15 crores was due to enhanced pay charges as a result of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission, increased allowances and pensionary charges, higher amounts for contingencies, rise in subsidies and payments to railway companies and increased expenditure on stamps and stationery. The total cost of the special concessions granted to the staff during the year amounted to Rs. 597 lakhs.

Digitized with grants from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

DETERIORATION IN PAKISTAN'S ECONOMY

Move To Resume Trade With India

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, February 5.

WITH the growing deterioration in the internal economy of Pakistan and in particular of the Eastern Bengal, the extent and volume of feelers for an Inter-Dominion Conference has been on the increase. Sources close or precious to Pakistan have been propogating the Conference idea for some time.

Pakistan's first objective is to secure the release of coal by India. Its second objective is to resume Inter-Dominion trade even on barter basis. In the absence of a satisfactory settlement, India stands to lose either of the two devices. The effects of premature release of coal are obvious. It will give breathing time to Pakistan to build up its coal resources and establish foreign connection for the regular supply of coal. The second tactics is inter-connected with the prescroption of exchange ratio by the International Monetary Fund.

Pakistan has been admitted to the membership of the Fund. The follow up of this membership will be for the Fund to prescribe a rate of exchange for the Pakistan Rupee. According to the Rules of the Fund, a member should intimate to the Executive of the Board its proposals within a month. This period may be extended. The Board is usually given two months to take a decision on the proposed rate of exchange. In case of difference of opinion amongst the members of the Board or if the Board is inclined to disagree with the proposal of a member, the case is returned to the member for re-consideration.

TIME-PLEA

It is not known here whether Pakistan Government has intimated to the Board its proposed rate of exchange. It is likely that it may ask for an extention of time on the plea that internal conditions in Pakistan are still unstable. This is not a noval procedure. For, the Nationalist China, though an original member of the Fund, has as yet no rate of exchange.

India's determination to resist Pakistan's inflated rate of exchange has turned the tables against that country.

Her favourable balance of trade, which was the bedrock of her decision has been converted into an adverse balance of trade. The trade between India and Pakistan has been at a standstill for over two months. Today India is in the strongest position, therefore to forget to the Pakistan's rate of exchange, if this issue came up before the Executive of the Fund, and India's protest will receive a great deal of attention and support. But, through any resumption of trade even by means of barter, India will be damaging her case, because Pakistan would then be able to show that India, because of the deterioration in her internal economy was compelled to resume trade, which had re-flowed in its normal channels, as soon as the artificial brakes had been removed. It will be an irresistable argument in favour of the Pakistani rupee. On the contrary, reports have been current here for sometime that Pakistan would shortly devalue her rupee. A Conference will delay this devaluation and would rehabilitate the fastly dwindling prestige of Pakistan Government with its own people. India should not lose its very nearly won battle. it is urged here.

Bullet Hits Woman, Bounces Off

NEWCASTLE—A .32 calibre bullet struck a 30-year-old woman in the face and bounced off. Later she was treated for an abrasion on the cheek.

She was sitting with other members of picnic party when she felt a blow on the side of her face. She put a hand to her check and found it was bleeding. On the ground b side her lay a spent bullet.

South African Loan

CAPETOWN, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—Mr. F. C. Erasmus, Minister of Defence and Posts and Telegraphs, said today that £30,000,000 in loans raised abroad was available for the development of South Africa.

Make New Move To Stalin

U. S. SENATOR'S CALL TO TRUMAN

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (PTI).

SENATOR MILLARD TYDINGS, Democratic Chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee urged President Truman in a radio interview here to make a new approach to Premier Stalin in an effort to work out a peace agreement with Russia on "decent terms."

He acknowledged that the chances of such an overture succeeding were far from bright but said that "the alternative of war is too horrible" not to make an attempt for a settlement of differences between the two countries.

Senator Brian McMahon, Democratic Chairman of the Congressional Atomic Committee interviewed on another radio programme, proposed a meeting of the United Nations in Moscow as part of a world-wide peace offensive.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL OF HIROHITO

'A Valuable Contribution To Cause Of Peace'

MOSCOW, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Commenting on the Russian demand for the trial of Japanese Emperor Hirohito as a war criminal, the publication "Trud" said yesterday it would be "a valuable new contribution to the cause of peace."

"Isvestia" thought it would be "a stern warning to aggressors" and said the Soviet Union was advancing the cause of world peace "in step" with friendly neighbours of East and West.

A GENERAL'S DEFENCE

TOKYO, One time Lieutenant General Yukio Kasahara paused amiu pomades and rice powder in the cosmetic shop he runs at Tujido, to assert yesterday that Emperor Hirohito had nothing to do with alleged Japanese germ warfare.

Kasahara, one of the generals Russia wants to be brought to trial for alleged bacteriological war crimes, would not comment on the accusation against himself, but declared "whatever the charges, the Emperor had nothing to do with it."

Soviet Election Campaign

LONDON, Feb. 5 (PTI): The campaign for the Supreme Soviet elections on March 12 began yesterday when Generalissimo Stalin was named the principal candidate, Moscow radio reported.

At hundreds of nomination meetings in Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev and other Soviet towns candidate Number Two was former Foreign Minister V. M. Molotov whom the radio described as "the closest friend and collaborator of Comrade Stalin."

Persian Parliament

TEHERAN, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlevi will open Persia's new Parliament on February 9, without any representatives from Teheran, the the capital in which recent polls were declared void.

This was announced yesterday after Prime Minister Mohammed Saed had seen elder statesmen and past Presidents of the Majlis (Parliament). It was also decided as a result of these consultations that new elections in Teheran should be held next Wednesday.

INSPECTING THE DOGS

The Thirty-first Dog show was held in the city at the St. Xavier's High School grounds Photo shows the judges inspecting two dogs.

NO SECRET PLOT HATCHED AT COLOMBO CONFERENCE

Ceylon Premier's Assurance To Opposition

COLOMBO, February 5 (PTI).

THE Ceylon Premier told the House of Representatives here that no "secret plot" was hatched against any body at the recent Commonwealth Foreign Ministers' Conference.

He was replying to a motion of no-confidence in the Government for participating in the Conference. The motion also condemned the policy of aid to Burma which it characterised as "interfering with the internal affairs of Burma".

Dr. N. M. Perera, Leader of the Lanka Sama Samaj Party (Trotskyite), who sponsored the motion, said that Government by participating in the Conference, had, under the guise of checking Communism, "supported the imperialist cause, and made it possible for Ceylon to be entangled in a third world war".

TAKING SIDES

Such participation, he said, meant Ceylon taking sides with the Anglo-American Bloc in its fight with the Soviet Bloc. He was opposed to both blocs, Ceylon should pursue an independent policy in the present world situation, he said.

Dr. Perera said that if the Jayawardene-Spender Plan was to raise the living conditions of Asiatic peoples, it could only be fulfilled with American aid. But such aid would not be given without the U.S. political penetration.

Prime Minister D. S. Senanayake, replying said for motion was based more on fear and anxiety than on fact.

It has long been customary, he said, for members of the Commonwealth to meet from time to time in conference to discuss mutual problems, but no single Dominion attempted to impose its will on other members of the Commonwealth.

Ceylon was for peace with all countries, but was, at the same time, ever ready to defend her independence, Mr. Senanayake said.

NOT WRONG

If it was only through America that the standard of living of the people in Asia could be improved, then he did not think it wrong to get the assistance of America. Their desire was to look after the peoples and to be able to raise their standard of living. They might be able to do that with the co-operation of the members of the Commonwealth. If there were others who wished to co-operate with them, they would co-operate with them as well, he said.

The Premier defended the Government's Burma aid policy and said that Ceylon had long-standing ties with Burma. The Ceylonese were mainly following the principles of Buddhist doctrines in granting aid to Burma.

Mr. Pieter Keuneman, Leader of the Communist Party, speaking on the motion, disagreed with Dr. Perera's contention that Ceylon should remain neutral in the present conflict between the Soviet Bloc and the Anglo-American Bloc and wanted Ceylon to line up with the Soviet Bloc.

The no-confidence motion was lost by 54 votes to 17.

CEYLON'S NATIONAL FLAG

Committee Unable To Decide

COLOMBO, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter).—Ceylon, entering on its third year of independence, is yet to decide on its national flag.

The National Flag Committee, appointed by the Prime Minister to report on a suitable flag for Ceylon, has not been able to reach unanimity on the respective sizes of the stripes, representing the three communities—Sinhalese, Tamils and Muslims—despite several meetings during the last two years.

The Committee has now decided to report to the Prime Minister that they are unable to reach a decision on the issue owing to division of opinion.

GOATS TOO TO BE DISINFECTED

Ceylon Precautions

COLOMBO, Feb. 5 (PTI)—Goats arriving in Colombo Harbour from India will be disinfected at the port before being released into the country.

Medical experts have informed the port authorities that the possibility of goats being carriers of the human plague flea cannot be positively ruled out.

The question of goats being carriers of plague arose following a reported outbreak of plague at Tuticorin. Subsequent reports, however, denied this. Despite this fact the authorities decided to examine the question of taking precautionary measures against goats imported from Tuticorin and other Indian ports.

A TREAT FOR TRAMPS

TOKYO, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—Thousands of Japanese tramps were today forcibly bathed, dusted with disinfectant and had their hair cut—by special squads carrying out a campaign against typhus.

Eruptive typhus has already caused six deaths in the city and allied public health officials ordered a special "clean up" campaign. Today they supervised the round up of the tramps and the subsequent wash and brush-up operations. Then they made sure that none of the wanderers was released until he had been given an anti-typhus injection.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATION FOR STATE UNIONS

Saurashtra Minister's Appeal To Fiscal Commission

BOMBAY, Sunday (PTI).

MR. M. M. SHAH, Minister for Industries, Saurashtra Government today stated before the Fiscal Commission that in any future plan for the economic development of the country, special consideration should be given to backward areas like Saurashtra and other State Unions.

For this purpose, he said, it was necessary for the Government of India to appoint a special commission to enquire into the disabilities of the integrated states and to fix a graduated period of 10 to 15 years for the integration of their economy with the rest of India. In the over-all plans and targets, the integrated states should be given enough scope for full regional development to bring them on par with the rest of India, he added.

Mr. Shah represented the Saurashtra Government in the unavoidable absence of the Chief Minister Mr. U. N. Dhebar. The Fiscal Commission held its sixth session today under the Chairmanship of Mr. V. T. Krishnamachari, Chairman of the Commission.

CONSTRUCTIVE TARIFF POLICY

Mr. Shah advocated a constructive tariff policy enable Government to secure the necessary financial resources out of which they could assist industries and the establishment of development councils to be attached to the Departments of Industry and Commerce. The Development Councils should consist of industrial and technical experts, he said.

The Saurashtra Minister pleaded for an internal commercial policy that took due regard of the backwardness of an area like Saurashtra. It might be necessary, he said, to exercise control over the movement of commodities from and to Saurashtra to conserve local resources for the benefit of local industries and to impose other direct or indirect controls as and when necessary.

International Bank

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Louis Rasminsky, alternate chairman of the Foreign Exchange Control Board of Canada, has been elected an Executive Director of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, it was announced today.

He succeeds Mr. Donald Gordon who resigned to accept the post of President and Chairman of the Board of the Canadian National Railways.

Regional Regime For East China

FORMOSA INCLUDED

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5 (PTI).

CREATION of a regional Government embracing six East China Provinces and Formosa—Nationalists island stronghold,—was announced yesterday by the Chinese Communists in a Peking radio broadcast heard here.

The Communists say they intend to capture Formosa this year. This development of regional regimes is a recent and unexplained step by the Communists.

Manchuria and Inner Mongolia have similar groupings and a north-west Regional Government was created on January 19 for the provinces of Shensi, Kansu, Minghsia, Tsinghai and Sinkiang.

Today's announcemen said the new "East China Peoples Government" would "direct the work of the peoples' provincial governments of Shantung, Kiangsu, Anhwei, Iomma Chekiang, Fukien and Taiwan (Formosa).

Population of the area was estimated by the Communists at 130 million. It includes Shanghai, Nanking, Tsingtao, Foochow and other major centres.

The regional regime was said to have been set up in Shanghai on January 27 with Jao Shu Shih as Chairman. He was political Commissar of the Communist Army that conquered much of the sphere he now rules.

Red China To Exchange Envoys With Pakistan

LONDON, Feb. 5 (PTI): The Communist Government of China today agreed to establish diplomatic relations with Pakistan "on a basis of equality, mutual benefit and mutual respect for sovereignty and territorial integrity" according to a New China news agency report.

The Chinese Communist decision was sent to Karachi through the Pakistan Ambassador in Moscow.

Nationalist Planes Raid Hong Kong Border Town

HONG KONG, Feb. 5, (PTI-Reuter): Chinese Nationalist aircraft today raided Shumchun, Communist-held town facing the British border, setting fire to railway trucks loaded with petrol sent from Canton.

This was the first Nationalist air raid on Shumchun. The railway link with Canton was cut. Casualties were not known.

Communist authorities closed the frontier and did not reply to a British offer to help attend army casualties. The raid was carried out by two Mustang fighters which machine-gunned petrol dumps at Shumchun railway station and the market a mile and a half away. The Royal Air Force and police here believed it was likely that the planes passed over part of the British territory and this is being investigated.

Nationalists Executed

Two Chinese Nationalis naval officers have been executed at Tatao, South-West Formosa, for plotting to turn over a landing ship to the Communists in the Pearl River last October. Five Formosan businessmen have been arrested west of Taipeh charged with trying to create unrest among groups of aborigines.

End Of Berlin Blockade In Sight

BERLIN, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—The fortnight old "Creeping blockade" of Berlin appeared to have ended this morning when the queue of German lorries bound for Berlin from the West was cleared at the Anglo-Soviet zonal check-point at Helmstedt.

An official British report from Helmstedt said, "lorries are now moving both ways without hindrance and are being cleared by the Soviet checkpoint as soon as they arrive."

The lifting of the "little blockade" came less than 24 hours after General Alexander Kotikov, Soviet Commandant in Berlin, rejected Western Allied protests against traffic restrictions on roads from the West and complained that "limitless speculation and smuggling" had developped among interzonal road traffic.

Policeman Fires In Crowded Dance

MANILA—Refused a dance by a girl, a special policeman in the southern Philippine port city of Iloilo fired his gun indiscriminately while a custime ball attended by the city's social elite was going on.

Several guests were injured as they jumped out of the windows.

Suspended, the policeman is now facing criminal action.

VOLUNTEERS TO FIGHT THE BANDITS IN MALAYA

Indian Offers Full Time Service

KAULA LUMPUR, February 5 (PTI)

AN Indian labourer's offer of full-time help in Malaya's anti-bandit month was described by the authorities today as "the stoutest individual effort yet made" to aid in the work.

The anti-bandit month, which will commence shortly is a special effort being made to fight banditry in Malaya. Full civilian help is being enlisted on a voluntary basis.

The Indian labourer, Muthuswami, turned up at the Kuala Lumpur registration centre and asked to be put on fulltime anti-bandit work.

It was pointed out to him that this would mean that he would be without any earnings at all during the month, as no payments in the nature of wages were being made to volunteers. Muthuswami then offered to turn up any day between five and nine in the evening for work.

Seventy-years old Tamil from Ceylon, Thambi Pillai, is amongst those who have registered at Kuala Lumpur. He is the oldest volunteer to enrol so far at Kuala Lumpur and is a retired Government school-master.

GURKHAS ACTIVE

The Gurkhas have again taken the palm for anti-bandit operations in Malaya.

In a review of operations during the three weeks ended February 2, the Police Commissioner stated here that the outstanding success of the period was the killing of 23 bandits by a Gurkha regiment on January 22. Among those killed was a killer squad leader and a bandit platoon commander.

In Pahang, a very important bandit leader was killed in operations carried out by troops of the 1/6 Gurkha Rifles, 2/7 Gurkha Rifles and 1/10 Gurkha Rifles and the police.

The Koylis, Suffolks and Coldstream Guards are amongst the other troops engaged in anti-bandit operations.

NEW IRAQI CABINET FORMED

BAGHDAD, Feb. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—A new Iraqi Cabinet was formed today by 53 year-old former Premier Tawfiq Suwaidi to replace the Government which resigned on January 31.

The Regent called on Rawfiq Suwaidi yesterday to form a new Ministry to succeed the Government of Ali Jawdat Al Ayoubi which resigned because of the indecisive results of the recent talks with Egypt on the two countries' attitude to Syria, and financial and economic difficulties.

Murderer Murdered

ACCRA (Gold Coast), Feb. 5 (PTI): A villager who fired at the Assistant District Commissioner was himself shot dead in the second attack on police within a week in the Bekwai Division of Ashanti.

An official statement issued at Kumasi last night, said villagers fired on the police at a village near Bekwai while they were enforcing the Peace Preservation Ordinance.

One villager aimed at the Assistant District Commissioner but missed and was overpowered and disarmed.

A few minutes later another villager who fired at the police and missed was shot as he made a second attempt.

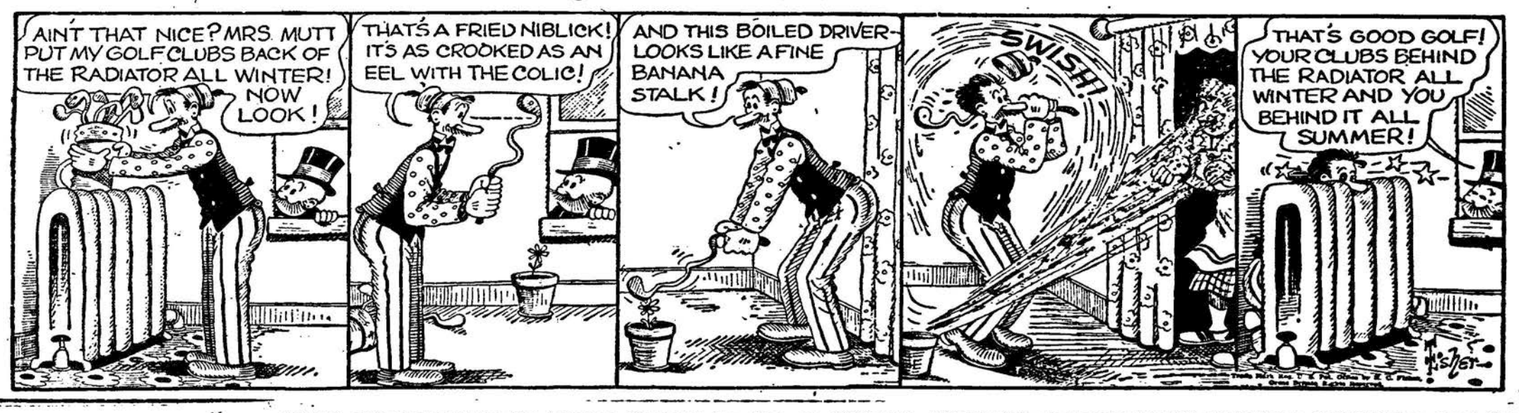
The police are in control of the situation.

Arrests In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5 (P.T.I): Fourteen persons were arrested by the police today following throwing of crackers and a case of arson in Paikpara area (North Calcutta) late last night.

It is stated that a number of men threw crackers at a hut in Raja Manindra Road. Two inmates of the hut received minor injuries. Later, they were stated to have set fire to a nearby bustee causing slight damage to a number of huts.

MUTT AND JEFF—Remember That Old Song 'Daisies Won't Tell,' Huh? By BUD FISHER


AIN'T THAT NICE? MRS. MUTT PUT MY GOLF CLUBS BACK OF THE RADIATOR ALL WINTER! NOW LOOK!
THAT'S A FRIED NIBLICK! IT'S AS CROOKED AS AN EEL WITH THE COLIC!
AND THIS BOILED DRIVER LOOKS LIKE A FINE BANANA STALK!
SWISH!
THAT'S GOOD GOLF! YOUR CLUBS BEHIND THE RADIATOR ALL WINTER AND YOU BEHIND IT ALL SUMMER!

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.